



### PIPES, FITTINGS AND MANUAL VALVES PVDF

The PVDF line consists of a comprehensive range of pipes, fittings and manual valves for use in the construction of process and service lines for conveying pressurised industrial fluids in a temperature range from -40° C to 140° C.

05 '07 '05' 09' OL 08

# CONTENTS

PVDF	
General characteristics	page 2
Reference standards	page 4
Approvals and quality marks	page 5
Main properties	page 6
Socket welding instructions	page 7
ISO-UNI pipe	
Pressure pipe	page 12
Fittings for socket welding	
Fittings, metric series ISO-UNI	page 20
ISO-BSP adaptor fittings	page 34
VKD DN 10÷50	
DUAL BLOCK <sup>®</sup> 2-way ball valve	page 42
VKD DN 65÷100	
DUAL BLOCK® 2-way ball valve	page 56
VKR DN 10÷50	
DUAL BLOCK <sup>®</sup> regulating ball valve	page 70
SR DN 15÷50	
Ball check valve	page 82
FK DN 40÷400	
Butterfly valve	page 90
DK DN 15÷65	
DIALOCK <sup>®</sup> 2-way diaphragm valve	page 110
VM DN 80÷100	
Diaphragm valve	page 124
CM DN 12÷15	
Compact diaphragm valve	page 134
Key abbreviations	page 141

### PIPE, FITTINGS AND MANUAL VALVES IN PVDF



### PVDF GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

PVDF (polyvinylidene difluoride) is a fluorinated and semicrystalline technopolymer containing 59% of its weight in fluorine. This material is obtained through the polymerization of vinylidene fluoride. It boasts exceptional mechanical. physical and chemical resistance. guaranteeing excellent thermal stability up to 140° C.

The FIP PVDF line uses Solef® PVDF resins, manufactured by SOLVAY for industrial applications, for the production of pipes, fittings and valves made by extrusion and injection moulding. The entire line is made using Solef® resins by SOLVAY S.A. classified according to ASTM D 3222 and complying with the requirements of ISO 10931.

Thanks to its high purity and exceptional performance, PVDF is the best alternative to metal materials, and is extensively used in industrial applications (chemical, oil, pharmaceutical, pulp and paper, electronic, etc.), whether in process systems or otherwise.

Among the most important properties and advantages of Solef  $^{\rm \odot}$  PVDF, the following are particularly worthy of note:

#### • Excellent chemical resistance:

the use of Solef® resin, a vinylidene fluoride polymer, ensures excellent resistance to corrosion and abrasion when conveying highly aggressive chemicals. PVDF is basically inert to most inorganic acids and bases, organic acids, aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, alcohols and halogenated solvents. However, it is not recommended for use with fluorine, amines, ketones and oleum (sulfuric acid with sulfur trioxide).

#### • Excellent thermal stability:

PVDF maintains its characteristics unchanged in a temperature range between -40° C and +140° C. PVDF pipes are particularly suitable in all applications requiring high operating temperatures, very low levels of fluid contamination and high resistance to ageing due to atmospheric agents and UV radiation. The material's excellent mechanical properties are retained even at high temperatures.

#### • Fire resistance:

Solef® resins guarantee excellent fire resistance without the need for flame retardants (Limit Oxygen Index, LOI = 44%). In case of combustion, smoke emissions are moderated. Solef® PVDF resins are classified UL-94, class V-O.

#### • Purity:

Solef® PVDF resin is an extremely pure polymer that does not contain stabilizers, plasticizers, lubricants or flame retardants. As a result, it is the ideal material for conveying ultra-pure water and chemicals, ensuring the non-contamination of the conveyed fluid. As it is physiologically non-toxic, it is suitable for conveying fluids and food products.

#### High abrasion resistance:

according to the Taber Abrasion Test (in which the weight loss of a material is measured after being exposed to an abrasive wheel for 1000 cycles), PVDF is the most resistant thermoplastic material (CS-10 Load 1kg - Weight Loss / 1000 cycles = 5-10 mg.)

Density		
Test method	ISO 1183	
Unit of measurement	g/cm <sup>3</sup>	
Value	Valves/fittings: 1.78 - Pipes: 1.78	3
Fluidity index (	MFI 230° C, 5 kg)	
Test method	ISO 1133	ASTM D1238
Unit of measurement	g/(10 min)	g/(10 min)
Value	Valves/fittings: 6 - Pipes: 6	Valves/fittings: 24 - Pipes: 24
Modulus of elas	ticity	
Test method	ISO 527	ASTM D790
Unit of measurement	$MPa = N/mm^2$	$MPa = N/mm^2$
Value	Valves/fittings: 2100 - Pipes: 2100	Valves/fittings: 2200 - Pipes: 2100
IZOD notchod i	mpact strength at 23°C	-
Test method	ASTM D256	
Unit of measurement	J/m	
Value	Valves/fittings: 55 - Pipes: 110	
Ultimate elonga		ASTM D 679
Test method Unit of measurement	ISO 527-2	ASTM D 638
Value	% Valves/fittings: 80 - Pipes: 80	% Valves/fittings: 5-10 - Pipes: 20-50
		Valves/Ittiligs. 5-10 - Pipes. 20-50
Rockwell hardn		
Test method	ASTM D 785	
Unit of measurement	R	
Value	Valves/fittings: 110 - Pipes: 110	
Tensile strength	1	
Test method	ISO 527	ASTM D 638
Unit of measurement	$MPa = N/mm^2$	$MPa = N/mm^2$
Value	Valves/fittings: 50 - Pipes: 50	Valves/fittings: 53-57 - Pipes: 53-57
Heat distortion	temperature HDT (0.46 N/m	1m <sup>2</sup> )
Test method	ISO 75	ASTM D 648
Unit of measurement	°C	°C
Value	Valves/fittings: 145 - Pipes: 145	Valves/fittings: 148 - Pipes: 147
Thermal conduc	rtivity at 23° C	
Test method	DIN 52612-1	ASTM C 177
Unit of measurement	W/(m °C)	W/(m °C)
Value	Valves/fittings: 0.20 - Pipes: 0.20	Valves/fittings: 0.20 - Pipes: 0.20
Coefficient of li	near thermal expansion	
Test method	DIN 53752	ASTM D 696
Unit of measurement	m/(m °C)	m/(m °C)
Value	Valves/fittings: 12x10 <sup>-5</sup>	Valves/fittings: 12x10 <sup>-5</sup>
Value	Pipes: 12x10-5	Pipes: 12x10-5
Limiting Oxyge	n Indox	· ·
Test method	ISO 4859-1	ASTM D 2863
Unit of measurement	%	%
Value	Valves/fittings: 44 - Pipes: 44	Valves/fittings: 44 - Pipes: 44
	3 1	
Surface electric Test method	ASTM D257	
Unit of measurement	ohm	
Value	Valves/fittings: >10 <sup>14</sup> - Pipes: >10	<b>∩</b> <sup>14</sup>
Flammability		
Test method	UL94	
Value	V-0	

### REFERENCE **Standards**

Production of the PVDF Solef® lines is carried out according to the highest quality standards and in full compliance with the environmental restrictions set by the applicable laws in force and in accordance with **ISO 14001**.

All products are made in accordance with the quality guarantee system in compliance with **ISO 9001**.

- ANSI B16.5
- Pipe flanges and stubs NPS 1/2 to NPS 24 mm/inch.
- ASTM D3222
  - PVDF, material for extrusion moulding and coating.
- DIN 2501
- Flanges, dimensions
- DIN 16962
  - PVDF fittings for socket and butt welding, dimensions.
- **DIN 16963** Pipe joints and pipe components for pressurised fluids in HDPE.
- DVS 2202-1 Imperfections of PVDF welded joints, characteristics, descriptions and evaluations.
- DVS 2207-15
- Welding of components in PVDF.
- DVS 2208-1

Machinery and equipment for thermocouple welding.

• EN 558-1

Industrial valves - Overall dimensions of metal valves for use in flanged pipe systems - Part 1: PN designated valves.

• EN 1092-1

Flanges and their joints - Circular flanges for pipes, valves and accessories - Part 1: Steel flanges, PN designated.

• EN ISO 10931

Specifications for components (Pipes, Fittings and Valves) in PVDF for industrial applications.

• ISO 5211

Part-turn actuator couplings.

• ISO 7005-1

Metal flanges; part 1: steel flanges.

# APPROVALS AND **QUALITY MARKS**



• DVGW KTW, W270 Suitability of the SOLVAY PVDF Solef® resin for microbiological tests.



• FDA (Food and Drug Administration - USA) Suitability of the SOLVAY PVDF Solef® resin for contact with food.



#### **NSF (National Sanitation Foundation USA)** Suitability of the SOLVAY PVDF Solef® resin for use in contact with drinking water.



• DIBt FIP PVDF Solef® valves have been tested and certified by DIBt (Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik)



#### TA-Luft •TA-Luft

FIP PVDF Solef® valves have been tested and certified according to "TA-Luft" by MPA Stuttgart in compliance with the Technical Instruction on Air Quality Control TA-Luft/ VDI 2440



#### UKR SEPRO

PVDF Solef® valves and fittings are certified in accordance with Ukraine regulations on Safety, Hygiene and Quality



#### • WRAS (Water regulations advisory scheme - UK) Suitability of the SOLVAY PVDF Solef® resin for use in contact with drinking water.

### MAIN Properties

Properties of PVDF		Benefits
Thermal resistance	Ð	- Operating range: - 40 + 140° C (see pressure/temperature regression curves)
Low surface roughness		- High flow coefficients (extremely smooth internal walls)
Chemical resistance		<ul> <li>Exceptional chemical resistance for conveying corrosive fluids (generally inert to inorganic acids and bases, aromatic and aliphatic hydrocarbons, organic acids, alcohols and halogenated solvents)</li> </ul>
Abrasion resistance		- Extremely low operating costs due to its long service life
Fully recyclable and non- toxic	R	- Physiologically safe
Easy jointing (hot socket, butt and electrofusion welding, flanging and threading)		- Low installation costs
Excellent mechanical properties		- PVDF responds to the need to provide suitable mechanical resistance meeting the design requirements of industrial plants

# SOCKET WELDING

Hot socket welding involves fusing the pipe in the fitting's socket. The joint is made by simultaneously fusing the male and female surfaces by means of special manual or automatic heating devices. These devices, in their simplest form, are composed of a heating plate on which a series of heating bushes are mounted. The devices comes with an appropriate heating system complete with an automatic temperature controller. No additional materials are required for this type of welding. Socket welding does not affect the chemical resistance of the PVDF, nor does it influence the inner pressure resistance of the assembled pipes and fittings. The pipe to be welded must be cut, chamfered and peeled if necessary. The external surface of the pipe and the internal surface of the fitting must be carefully cleaned, and the external surfaces of the pipe and fitting can be marked with a reference notch to eliminate the risk of inadvertent rotation while the joint is setting. The next step is to insert the pipe in the female bush and the fitting in the male bush and hold them in position for the necessary heating time; when this time has elapsed, the parts must be quickly removed from the bushes and then the pipe inserted into the fitting to the full previously determined insertion length, ensuring the reference notches are correctly aligned. The two elements must be supported for approximately 15 seconds after initial insertion and then left to cool at ambient temperature without using forced air flows or water immersion.

#### Procedure for hot socket welding

The method described below is applicable only when creating thermal socket welds that call for the use of manual type welding equipment (fig. 1). The use of automatic and semi-automatic appliances, which are particularly suitable for diameters greater than 63 mm, calls for a specific working knowledge of the welding tool. In this case, adhere strictly to the tool manufacturer's instructions

- 1) Select the female bushes and the male bushes of the required diameters, insert them and secure them to the heating plate (fig. 2).
- 2) Carefully clean the contact surfaces (fig. 3). When choosing the type of liquid detergent, use recommended products supplied by specialist producers: trichloroethane, chlorothene, ethyl alcohol and isopropyl alcohol are all suitable.
- 3) Set the temperature of the heating tool. To form the joint correctly, the temperature should be set between 250° C and 270° C.
- 4) When the appliance has reached the preset temperature, check the temperature of the heating plate using a fast acting thermoprobe.
- 5) Cut the pipe at right angles, chamfer it and if necessary peel it out (fig. 4-5). The peeling diameter and length and the chamfer depth must correspond to the values shown in the table named "Pipe peeling and chamfer dimensions". The chamfering process can be performed either after peeling or concurrently with this operation, using special calibrated tools.



Fig. 4





Fig. 5



- 6) Mark the pipe with the insertion length L1 (fig. 6), referring to the values indicated in the table named "Pipe insertion length" and checking that any peeling has been machined to the entire length shown in the table.
- 7) Mark a longitudinal reference line on the outside of the pipe and the fitting to prevent the two parts from rotating while the joint is being made (fig. 7).
- 8) Clean the fitting and pipe from any traces of oil or dust on the weld surfaces (fig. 8).
- 9) After having checked that the surface temperature of the heating plate has stabilized at the required value, insert the pipe into the female bush and the fitting in the male bush (fig. 9). Holding the parts inserted in the two bushes (fitting inserted to limit stop, pipe inserted up to the end of the peeling length), wait for the minimum heating time shown in the table named "Heating, welding and cooling times".
- 10) When the minimum heating time has elapsed, quickly remove the elements from the bushes and fit the pipe into the fitting for the entire insertion length L1 marked previously (fig. 10). Do not turn the pipe in the fitting; ensure the longitudinal reference marks are perfectly aligned (fig. 11).
- Hold the jointed elements for the welding time shown in the table named "Heating, welding and cooling times" and then leave them to cool slowly at ambient temperature without using forced air flows or water immersion.
- 12) When the internal and external surfaces have cooled sufficiently, pressurize the plant for the joint hydraulic test.





Fig. 8





Fig. 9



Fig. 10



#### **PIPE PEELING AND CHAMFER DIMENSIONS**

\$m.	External diameter	Peeling length	Chamfer
15*	de (mm)	L (mm)	Sm (mm)
	16	13	2
	20	14	2
_/de	25	16	2
	32	18	2
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	40	20	2
	50	23	2
ŤŤŤ	63	27	3
	75	31	3
	90	35	3
	110	41	3

#### **PIPE INSERTION LENGTH**

External diameter	Length of insertion into the fitting's socket
de (mm)	L <sub>1</sub> (mm)
16	12
20	14
25	15
32	17
40	18
50	20
63	26
75	29
90	32
110	35

### HEATING, WELDING AND COOLING TIMES

	PVDF pipes according to: DVS 2207 Part							
de (mm)	Minimum thickness* (mm)	Heating time (sec)	Welding time (s)	Cooling time (min)				
16	1.5	4	4	2				
20	1.9	6	4	2				
25	1.9	8	4	2				
32	2.4	10	4	4				
40	2.4	12	4	4				
50	3	18	4	4				
63	3	20	6	6				
75	3	22	6	6				
90	3	25	6	6				
110	3	30	6	8				

\* For proper welding, we recommend using pipes with

wall thickness exceeding 2 mm, and precisely: - for d up to 50 mm: pipe series PN 10 and PN 16 - for d from 63 to 110 mm: pipe series PN 16, PN 10 and PN 6.





Pressure pipe





# PIPE ISO-UNI

Pressure pipes for connection system by butt or socket welding.

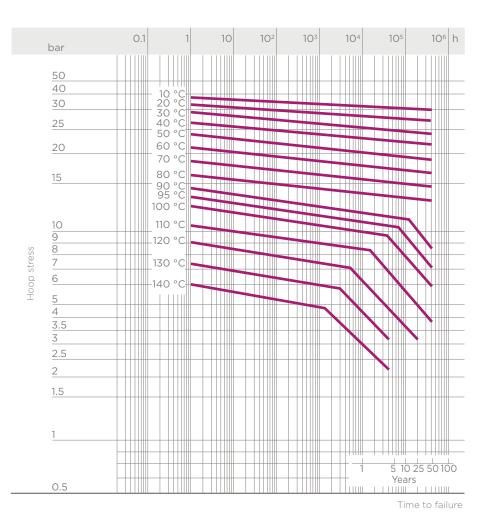
#### PRESSURE PIPE

Size range	d 16 ÷ d 110 (mm)
Nominal pressure	SDR 21 (PN16) with water at 20° C SDR 33 (PN10) with water at 20° C
Temperature range	-40 °C ÷ 140 °C
Coupling standards	Welding: EN ISO 10931. Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 10931
	Test methods and requirements: EN ISO 10931
	Installation criteria: DVS 2201-1, DVS 2207-15, DVS 2208-1
Material	PVDF

### TECHNICAL DATA

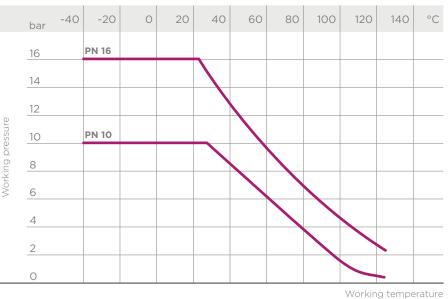
#### REGRESSION CURVES FOR PIPES IN PVDF

Regression coefficients according to ISO 10931 for MRS (minimum) = 25 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (MPa)



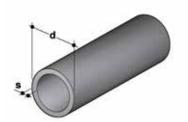
#### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

For water and non-hazardous fluids for which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT (life expectancy 25 years). In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required.



The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

### DIMENSIONS

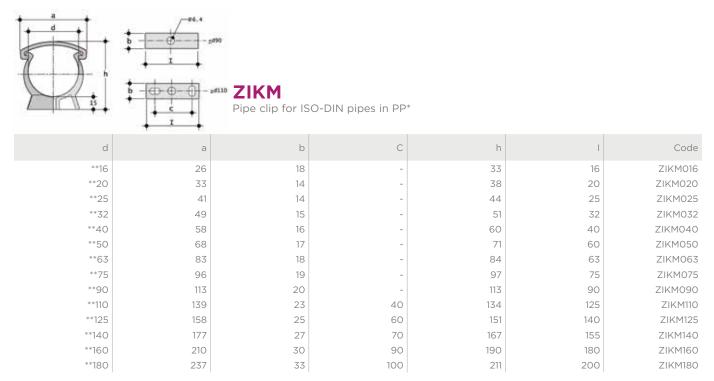


#### **PRESSURE PIPE**

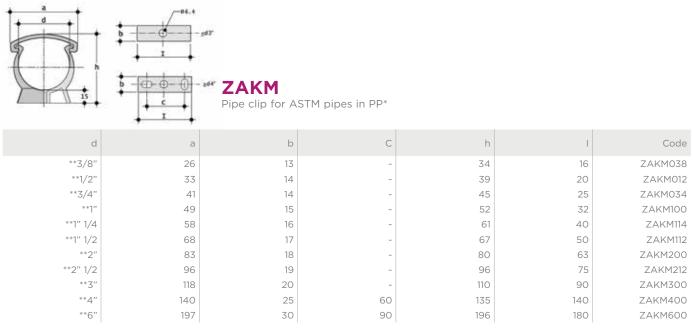
Pressure pipe in PVDF according to ISO 10931, translucent white, standard length 5m

d	DN	s (mm)	kg/m	PN16 Code SDR 21 - S10
16	10	1.9	0.137	PIPEF13016
20	15	1.9	0.21	PIPEF13020
25	20	1.9	0.269	PIPEF13025
32	25	2.4	0.435	PIPEF13032
40	32	2.4	0.553	PIPEF13040
50	40	3	0.825	PIPEF13050
63	50	3	1.09	PIPEF13063
75	65	3.6	1.55	PIPEF13075
90	80	4.3	2.22	PIPEF13090
110	100	5.3	3.33	PIPEF13110

d	DN	s (mm)	kg/m	PN10 Code SDR 33 - S16
63	50	2.5	0.93	PIPEF33063
75	65	2.5	1.11	PIPEF33075
90	80	2.8	1.48	PIPEF33090
110	100	3.4	2.20	PIPEF33110
				'



\*for pipe support systems, refer to guidelines DVS 2210-1 (Planning and execution - above-ground pipe systems) \*\*resale product



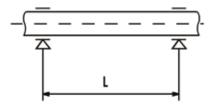
\*for pipe support systems, refer to guidelines DVS 2210-1 (Planning and execution - above-ground pipe systems) \*\*resale product

			SM bacers in PP fo	r ZIKM pipe cli	ps*			
d	A	В	С	D	E	Pack	Master	Code
**32	33	16	14	8	4	20	120	DSM032
**40	41	17	17	8	4	10	80	DSM040
**50	51	18	17	8	4	10	50	DSM050
**63	64	19	22.5	8	4	10	40	DSM063
**75	76	20	34.5	8	4	10	40	DSM075

\*for pipe support systems, refer to guidelines DVS 2210-1 (Planning and execution - above-ground pipe systems) \*resale product

### **INSTALLATION**

#### **POSITIONING OF ZIKM AND ZAKM PIPE CLIPS**



The installation of thermoplastic pipe systems requires the use of support clips to prevent flexing and the resulting mechanical stresses.

The distance between the clips depends on the pipe material, SDR, surface temperature and the density of the conveyed fluid.

Before installing the clips, check the distances reported in the table below, as provided for by guidelines DVS 2210-01 for water pipes.

#### Supporting PVDF pipes conveying liquids of density 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (water and other fluids of equal intensity).

d	distance L in mm at different wall temperatures									
mm	≤20° C	30° C	40° C	50° C	60° C	70° C	80° C	100° C	120° C	140° C
16	725	700	650	600	575	550	500	450	400	300
20	850	800	750	750	700	650	600	500	450	400
25	950	900	850	800	750	700	675	600	500	450
32	1100	1050	1000	950	900	850	800	700	600	500
40	1200	1150	1100	1050	1000	950	900	750	650	550
50	1400	1350	1300	1200	1150	1100	1000	900	750	600

For pipes of SDR 33 / S 16 / PN 10 and SDR 21 / S 10 / PN 16:

#### For pipes of SDR 33 / S 16 / PN 10:

d	distance L in mm at different wall temperatures									
mm	≤20° C	30° C	40° C	50° C	60° C	70° C	80° C	100° C	120° C	140° C
63	1400	1350	1300	1250	1200	1150	1100	950	800	650
75	1500	1450	1400	1350	1300	1250	1200	1050	850	700
90	1600	1550	1500	1450	1400	1350	1300	1100	950	850
110	1800	1750	1700	1650	1550	1500	1450	1250	1100	950
125	1900	1850	1800	1700	1650	1600	1500	1350	1200	1000
140	2000	1950	1900	1800	1750	1700	1600	1450	1250	1050
160	2150	2100	2050	1950	1850	1800	1700	1550	1350	1150
180	2300	2200	2150	2050	1950	1900	1800	1600	1400	1200
200	2400	2350	2250	2150	2100	2000	1900	1700	1500	1300
225	2550	2500	2400	2300	2200	2100	2000	1800	1600	1400
250	2650	2600	2500	2400	2300	2200	2100	1900	1700	1500
280	2850	2750	2650	2550	2450	2350	2250	2000	1800	1600
315	3000	2950	2850	2750	2600	2500	2400	2150	1900	1650
355	3200	3100	3000	2850	2750	2650	2500	2250	2000	1750
400	3400	3300	3200	3050	2950	2800	2650	2400	2100	1800

For different SDR values, multiply the data in the table by the following factors: 1.08 for SDR21 / S10 / PN16 size range d63 - d400 1.12 for SDR17 / S8 / PN20 entire size range

#### Supporting PVDF pipes conveying liquids of density other than 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.

If the liquid being conveyed has a density other than 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>, the distance L must be multiplied by the factors in the table.

Fluid density in g/cm <sup>3</sup>	Support factor
1.25	0.96
1.50	0.92
1.75	0.88
2.00	0.84
< 0.01	1.48 for SDR33 / S16 / PN10 1.36 for SDR21 / S16 / PN16 1.31 for SDR17 / S8 / PN20





### FITTINGS FOR SOCKET WELDING PVDF

Fittings, metric series ISO-UNI

# FITTINGS For socket welding

Series of fittings designed for conveying fluids under pressure with a hot weld connection system (socket welding).

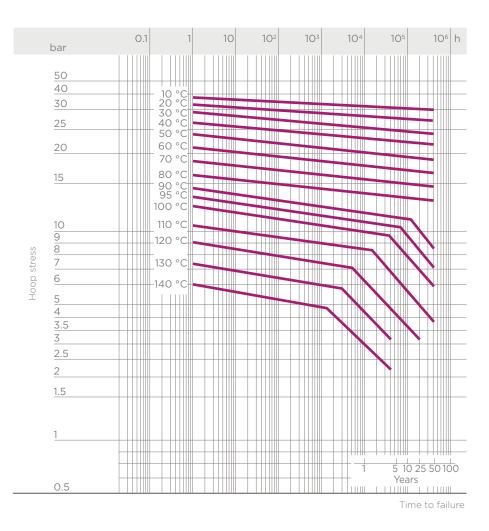
#### FITTINGS, METRIC SERIES ISO-UNI

Size range	d 16 ÷ d 110 (mm)
Nominal pressure	PN 16 with water at 20° C
Temperature range	-40 °C ÷ 140 °C
Coupling standards	<b>Welding:</b> EN ISO 10931. Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931
	Flanging system: ISO 7005-1, EN ISO 10931, EN 558-1, DIN 2501, ANSI B.16.5 cl. 150
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 10931
	Test methods and requirements: EN ISO 10931
	Installation criteria: DVS 2201-1, DVS 2207-15, DVS 2208-1
Fitting material	PVDF
Seal material	FPM

### TECHNICAL DATA

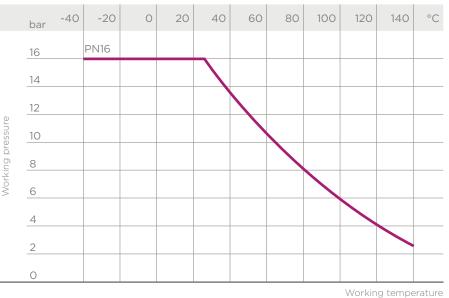
#### REGRESSION CURVES FOR FITTINGS IN PVDF

Regression coefficients according to ISO 10931 for MRS (minimum) = 25 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (MPa)



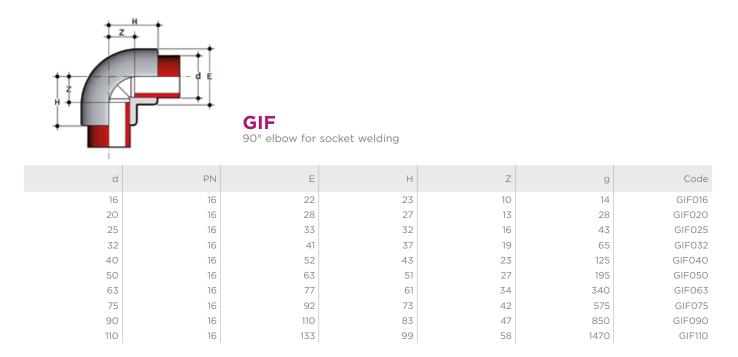
#### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

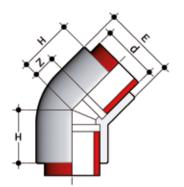
For water and non-hazardous fluids for which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT (life expectancy 25 years). In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required.



The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

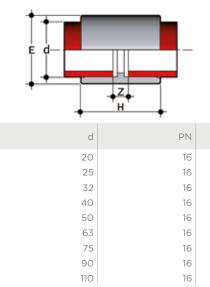
### DIMENSIONS





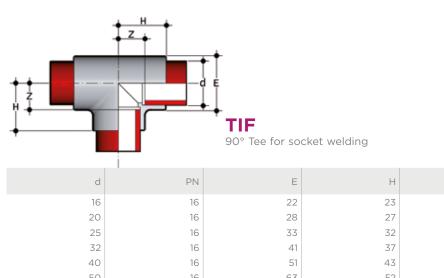
**HIF** 45° elbow for socket welding

d	PN	E	н	Z	g	Code
20	16	28	22	7	24	HIF020
25	16	33	25	9	37	HIF025
32	16	42	30	12	63	HIF032
40	16	51	37	16	110	HIF040
50	16	63	43	19	202	HIF050
63	16	79	52	25	337	HIF063
75	16	88	61	30	395	HIF075
90	16	105	73	37	645	HIF090
110	16	127	87	46	1095	HIF110

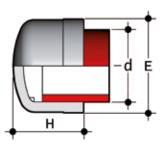


MIF Double socket for socket welding

d	PN	E	Н	Z	g	Code
20	16	28	36	7	20	MIF020
25	16	33	40	8	28	MIF025
32	16	42	44	8	48	MIF032
40	16	51	49	8	70	MIF040
50	16	63	55	8	120	MIF050
63	16	77	64	9	185	MIF063
75	16	90	72	10	275	MIF075
90	16	108	79	8	415	MIF090
110	16	131	94	11	710	MIF110

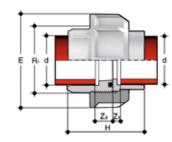


	1					
d	PN	E	Н	Z	g	Code
16	16	22	23	10	18	TIF016
20	16	28	27	13	35	TIF020
25	16	33	32	16	55	TIF025
32	16	41	37	19	90	TIF032
40	16	51	43	22	150	TIF040
50	16	63	52	29	270	TIF050
63	16	79	63	35	470	TIF063
75	16	93	71	40	665	TIF075
90	16	109	82	46	1025	TIF090
110	16	133	99	58	1800	TIF110



### **CIF** End cap for socket welding

d	PN	Н	E	g	Code
16	16	20	23	7	CIF016
20	16	23	28	11	CIF020
25	16	27	33	19	CIF025
32	16	31	41	32	CIF032
40	16	36	50	47	CIF040
50	16	43	61	75	CIF050
63	16	51	76	135	CIF063
75	16	58	90	215	CIF075
90	16	68	109	400	CIF090
110	16	81	130	630	CIF110





**BIGF** Union for socket welding

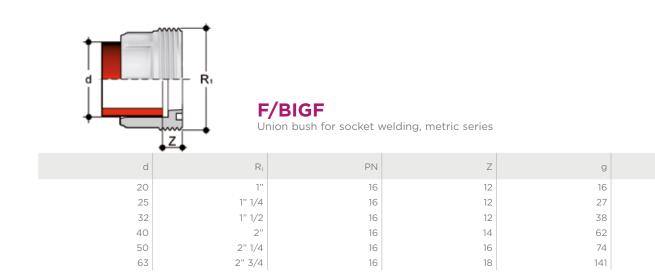
d	R1	PN	E	Н	Z <sub>1</sub>	Z <sub>2</sub>	g	Code
20	1"	16	47	45.5	12	5.5	59	BIGF020F
25	1" 1/4	16	58	49.5	12	5.5	99	BIGF025F
32	1" 1/2	16	65	53.5	12	5.5	141	BIGF032F
40	2"	16	78	59.5	14	5.5	218	BIGF040F
50	2" 1/4	16	85	67.5	16	5.5	290	BIGF050F
63	2" 3/4	16	103	79.5	20	5.5	476	BIGF063F



#### EFGF

Union nut with BSP thread for union types BIGF, BIFXF and BIRXF

R1	d BIGF	E	F	Н	g	Code
1"	20	47	28	22	30	EFGF100
1" 1/4	25	58	36	25	46	EFGF114
1" 1/2	32	65	42	27	63	EFGF112
2"	40	78	53	30	90	EFGF200
2" 1/4	50	85	59	33	117	EFGF214
2" 3/4	63	103	74	38	188	EFGF234



Code

FBIGF020

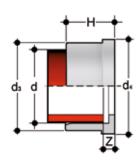
FBIGF025

FBIGF032

FBIGF040

FBIGF050

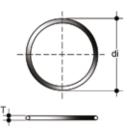
FBIGF063





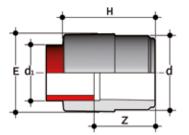
**Q/BIGF** Union end for socket welding, metric series

d	PN	d <sub>3</sub>	d <sub>4</sub>	Н	Z	g	Code
20	16	27.5	30.1	19.5	5.5	13	QBIGF020
25	16	36	38.8	21.5	5.5	27	QBIGF025
32	16	41.5	44.7	23.5	5.5	32	QBIGF032
40	16	53	56.5	25.5	5.5	57	QBIGF040
50	16	59	62.6	28.5	5.5	57	QBIGF050
63	16	74	78.4	32.5	5.5	97	QBIGF063



**O-Ring** Seals for union types BIGF, BIFXF and BIRXF

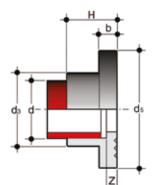
d Union	С	di	Т	EPDM Code	FPM Code
16	3062	15.54	2.62	OR3062E	OR3062F
20	4081	20.22	3.53	OR4081E	OR4081F
25	4112	28.17	3.53	OR4112E	OR4112F
32	4131	32.93	3.53	OR4131E	OR4131F
40	6162	40.65	5.34	OR6162E	OR6162F
50	6187	47	5.34	OR6187E	OR6187F
63	6237	59.69	5.34	OR6237E	OR6237F
75	6300	75.57	5.34	OR6300E	OR6300F
90	6362	91.45	5.34	OR6362E	OR6362F
110	6450	113.67	5.34	OR6450E	OR6450F



RIF

Reducer: spigot (d), reduced socket for socket welding  $(d_1)$ 

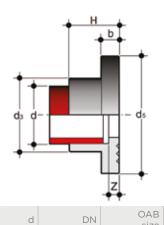
$d \times d_1$	PN	Н	E	Z	g	Code
20x16	16	35	20	22	11	RIF020016
25x20	16	40	26	26	15	RIF025020
32x25	16	46	32	30	28	RIF032025
40x25	16	51	32	35	40	RIF040025
40x32	16	54	40	36	47	RIF040032
50x32	16	59	39	41	55	RIF050032
50x40	16	63	47	43	70	RIF050040
63x32	16	67	40	49	100	RIF063032
63x50	16	76	60	53	130	RIF063050
75x63	16	89	75	61	220	RIF075063
90x63	16	97	73	70	280	RIF090063
90x75	16	104	87	73	335	RIF090075
110×90	16	121	103	85	520	RIF110090



#### QRNF

Stub with serrated face (according to DIN standards) for socket welding, for use with backing rings ODB

d	DN	PN	b	d <sub>3</sub>	d <sub>5</sub>	Н	Z	g	Code
20	15	16	7	27	45	20	6	23	QRNF020
25	20	16	9	34	58	22	6	46	QRNF025
32	25	16	10	41	68	25	6	58	QRNF032
40	32	16	11	50	78	27	6	91	QRNF040
50	40	16	12	61	88	30	6	122	QRNF050
63	50	16	14	76	102	34	6	181	QRNF063
75	65	16	16	90	122	38	7	288	QRNF075
90	80	16	17	108	138	44	8	411	QRNF090
110	100	16	18	131	158	50	8	573	QRNF110



20

25

32

40

80

d

25

32

40

50

90

size

3/4"

1"1/4

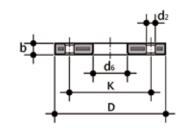
1"1/2

3"

1"

Stub with serrated face for socket welding, for used with backing rings OAB (for other dimensions use QRNF)

PN	b	d₃	d <sub>5</sub>	Н	Z	g	Code
16	9	34	58	22	6	46	QRAF034
16	10	41	68	25	6	58	QRAF100
16	11	50	78	27	6	91	QRAF114
16	12	61	88	30	6	122	QRAF112
16	17	108	138	44	8	411	QRAF300

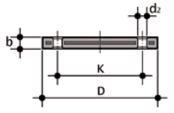


#### ODB

Steel core backing ring, PP/FRP coated, according to EN/ISO/DIN for stub QRNF. Drilling: PN 10/16

d	DN	*PMA (bar)	b	d <sub>2</sub>	d <sub>6</sub>	D	К	Μ	n	**(Nm)	g	Code
20	15	16	12	14	28	95	65	M12	4	15	290	ODB020
25	20	16	14	14	34	105	75	M12	4	15	410	ODB025
32	25	16	16	14	42	115	85	M12	4	15	610	ODB032
40	32	16	16	18	51	140	100	M16	4	20	880	ODB040
50	40	16	16	18	62	150	110	M16	4	30	810	ODB050
63	50	16	19	18	78	165	125	M16	4	35	940	ODB063
75	65	16	19	18	92	188	145	M16	4	40	1210	ODB075
90	80	16	21	18	109	200	160	M16	8	40	1480	ODB090
***125	100	16	20	18	134	220	180	M16	8	45	1570	ODB125

\*PMA maximum admissible working pressure \*\*nominal tightening torque \*\*\*d125: for stubs QRNF d 110



d6 к

#### **ODBC**

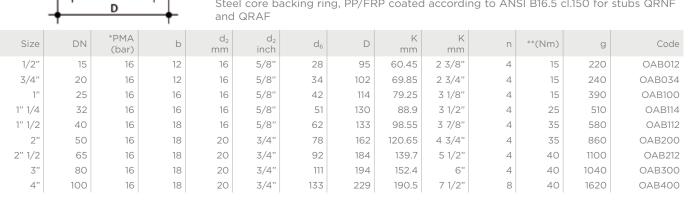
OAB

Steel core blind flange, PP/FRP according to EN/ISO/DIN Drilling: PN 10/16

Steel core backing ring, PP/FRP coated according to ANSI B16.5 cl.150 for stubs QRNF

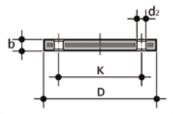
d	DN	*PMA (bar)	b	d <sub>2</sub>	D	K	М	n	**(Nm)	g	Code
20	15	16	12	14	95	65	M12	4	15	290	ODBC020
25	20	16	12	14	105	75	M12	4	15	390	ODBC025
32	25	16	16	14	115	85	M12	4	15	550	ODBC032
40	32	16	16	18	140	100	M16	4	25	820	ODBC040
50	40	16	16	18	150	110	M16	4	35	900	ODBC050
63	50	16	16	18	165	125	M16	4	35	1150	ODBC063
75	65	16	18	18	185	145	M16	4	40	1680	ODBC075
90	80	16	18	18	200	160	M16	8	40	2240	ODBC090
110	100	16	20	18	220	180	M16	8	45	2800	ODBC110

\*PMA maximum admissible working pressure \*\*nominal tightening torque



\*PMA maximum admissible working pressure \*\*nominal tightening torque

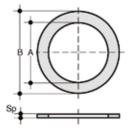
29



OABC Steel core blind flange, PP/FRP coated according to ANSI B16.5 cl.150

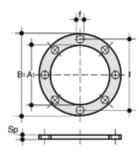
Size	DN	*PMA (bar)	b	d <sub>2</sub> mm	d <sub>2</sub> inch	D	K mm	K inch	n	**(Nm)	g	Code
1/2"	15	16	12	16	5/8"	95	60.45	2 3/8"	4	15	200	OABC012
3/4"	20	16	12	16	5/8"	102	69.85	2 3/4"	4	15	240	OABC034
1"	25	16	16	16	5/8"	114	79.25	3 1/8"	4	15	370	OABC100
1" 1/4	32	16	16	16	5/8"	130	88.90	3 1/2"	4	25	530	OABC114
1" 1/2	40	16	18	16	5/8"	133	98.55	3 7/8"	4	35	560	OABC112
2"	50	16	18	20	3/4"	162	120.65	4 3/4"	4	35	810	OABC200
2" 1/2	65	16	18	20	3/4"	184	139.70	5 1/2"	4	40	1070	OABC212
3"	80	16	18	20	3/4"	194	152.40	6"	4	40	1030	OABC300
4"	100	16	18	20	3/4"	229	190.50	7 1/2"	8	40	1570	OABC400

\*PMA maximum admissible working pressure \*\*nominal tightening torque



**QHV/X** Flat gasket in EPDM and FPM for flanges according to DIN 2501, EN 1092

d	DN	А	В	Sp	EPDM Code	FPM Code
20 - 1/2"	15	20	32	2	QHVX020E	QHVX020F
25 - 3/4"	20	24	38.5	2	QHVX025E	QHVX025F
32 - 1"	25	32	48	2	QHVX032E	QHVX032F
40 - 1" 1/4	32	40	59	2	QHVX040E	QHVX040F
50 - 1" 1/2	40	50	71	2	QHVX050E	QHVX050F
63 - 2"	50	63	88	2	QHVX063E	QHVX063F
75 - 2" 1/2	65	75	104	2	QHVX075E	QHVX075F
90 - 3"	80	90	123	2	QHVX090E	QHVX090F
110 - 4"	100	110	148	3	QHVX110E	QHVX110F



**QHV/Y** Flat gasket in EPDM for flanges according to DIN 2501, EN 1092, self-centring for flanges drilled PN 10/16

d	DN	A <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	f	I	U	Sp	Code
20 - 1/2"	15	17	95	14	65	4	2	QHVY020E
25 - 3/4"	20	22	107	14	76.3	4	2	QHVY025E
32 - 1"	25	28	117	14	86.5	4	2	QHVY032E
40 - 1" 1/4	32	36	142.5	18	101	4	2	QHVY040E
50 - 1" 1/2	40	45	153.3	18	111	4	2	QHVY050E
63 - 2"	50	57	168	18	125.5	4	2	QHVY063E
75 - 2" 1/2	65	71	187.5	18	145.5	4	3	QHVY075E
90 - 3"	80	84	203	18	160	8	3	QHVY090E
110 - 4"	100	102	223	18	181	8	3	QHVY110E







### FITTINGS FOR SOCKET WELDING PVDF

ISO-BSP adaptor fittings

# FITTINGS For socket welding

Series of fittings designed for conveying fluids under pressure with a hot thread and weld connection system (socket welding).

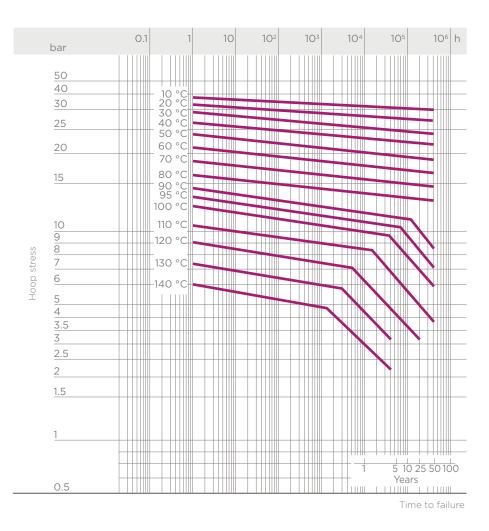
#### **ISO-BSP ADAPTOR FITTINGS**

Size range	d 20 ÷ 63 (mm): R 3/8" ÷ 2"				
Nominal pressure	PN 16 with water at 20° C				
Temperature range	-40 °C ÷ 140 °C				
Coupling standards	Welding: EN ISO 10931. Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931				
	Thread: ISO 228-1, DIN 2999				
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 10931				
	Test methods and requirements: EN ISO 10931				
	Installation criteria: DVS 2201-1, DVS 2207-15, DVS 2208-1				
Valve material	PVDF				
Seal material	FPM				

### TECHNICAL DATA

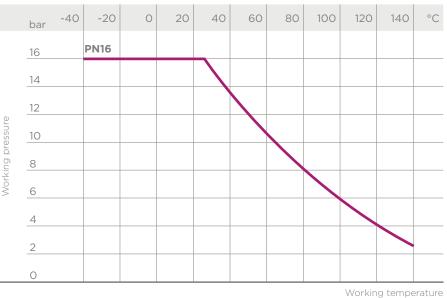
#### REGRESSION CURVES FOR FITTINGS IN PVDF

Regression coefficients according to ISO 10931 for MRS (minimum) = 25 N/mm<sup>2</sup> (MPa)



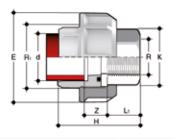
#### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

For water and non-hazardous fluids with regard to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required.



The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

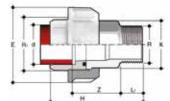
## DIMENSIONS



#### BIFXF

Adaptor union in PVDF/STAINLESS steel for socket welding (d), BSP (R) threaded A316L STAINLESS steel female end with O-Ring in FPM

d x R	R1	PN	E	Н	K	L	Z	g	Code
20 x 1/2"	1"	16	47	48.5	25	16.5	18	139	BIFXF020012F
25 x 3/4"	1" 1/4	16	58	53.5	32	18.5	19	242	BIFXF025034F
32 x 1"	1" 1/2	16	65	57.5	38	19.5	20	333	BIFXF032100F
40 x 1" 1/4	2"	16	78	64.5	48	21.5	23	558	BIFXF040114F
50 x 1" 1/2	2" 1/4	16	85	78.5	55	23	32.5	700	BIFXF050112F
63 x 2"	2" 3/4	16	103	85.5	69	27	31.5	1200	BIFXF063200F



#### BIRXF

Adaptor union in PP-H/STAINLESS steel for socket welding (d), BSP (R) threaded A316L STAINLESS steel male end with O-Ring in FPM

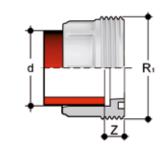
d x R	R <sub>1</sub>	PN	E	Н	K	L	Z	g	Code
20 x 1/2"	1"	16	47	65	25	13.5	37.5	139	BIRXF020012F
25 x 3/4"	1" 1/4	16	58	71.5	32	15	40.5	242	BIRXF025034F
32 x 1"	1" 1/2	16	65	78	38	17.5	42.5	333	BIRXF032100F
40 x 1" 1/4	2"	16	78	87	48	19.5	47.5	558	BIRXF040114F
50 x 1" 1/2	2" 1/4	16	85	95	55	19.5	52.5	700	BIRXF050112F
63 x 2"	2" 3/4	16	103	113.5	69	24	62.5	1200	BIRXF063200F



#### **EFGF**

Union nut with BSP thread for union types BIGF, BIFXF and BIRXF

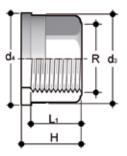
R <sub>1</sub>	d BIGF	E	F	Н	g	Code
1"	20	47	28	22	30	EFGF100
1" 1/4	25	58	36	25	46	EFGF114
1" 1/2	32	65	42	27	63	EFGF112
2"	40	78	53	30	90	EFGF200
2" 1/4	50	85	59	33	117	EFGF214
2" 3/4	63	103	74	38	188	EFGF234





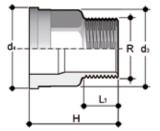
**F/BIGF** Union bush for socket welding, metric series

d	R <sub>1</sub>	PN	Z	g	Code
20	1"	16	12	16	FBIGF020
25	1" 1/4	16	12	27	FBIGF025
32	1" 1/2	16	12	38	FBIGF032
40	2"	16	14	62	FBIGF040
50	2" 1/4	16	16	74	FBIGF050
63	2" 3/4	16	18	141	FBIGF063



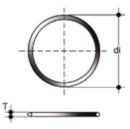
**Q/BFX** Union end in A316L STAINLESS steel with female BSP thread

R	d <sub>3</sub>	d <sub>4</sub>	Н	L <sub>1</sub>	g	Code
3" 3/8	22	24	21.5	13.5	34	QBFX038
1/2"	27.5	30.1	22.5	16.5	54	QBFX012
3/4"	36	38.8	25.5	18.5	104	QBFX034
1"	41.5	44.7	27.5	19.5	130	QBFX100
1" 1/4	53	56.5	30.5	21.5	234	QBFX114
1" 1/2	59	62.6	33.5	23	293	QBFX112
2"	74	78.4	38.5	27	520	QBFX200



**Q/BRX** Union end in A316L STAINLESS steel with male BSP thread

d <sub>3</sub>	d <sub>4</sub>	Н	L <sub>1</sub>	g	Code
22	24	34.5	10.5	58	QBRX038
27.5	30.1	39	13.5	95	QBRX012
36	38.8	43.5	15	166	QBRX034
41.5	44.7	48	17.5	226	QBRX100
53	56.5	53	19.5	393	QBRX114
59	62.6	56	19.5	491	QBRX112
74	78.4	65.5	24	843	QBRX200
	22 27.5 36 41.5 53 59	22     24       27.5     30.1       36     38.8       41.5     44.7       53     56.5       59     62.6	22     24     34.5       27.5     30.1     39       36     38.8     43.5       41.5     44.7     48       53     56.5     53       59     62.6     56	22         24         34.5         10.5           27.5         30.1         39         13.5           36         38.8         43.5         15           41.5         44.7         48         17.5           53         56.5         53         19.5           59         62.6         56         19.5	Anticipation         Anticipation<



**O-Ring** Seals for union types BIGF, BIFXF and BIRXF

d Union	С	di	Т	EPDM Code	FPM Code
16	3062	15.54	2.62	OR3062E	OR3062F
20	4081	20.22	3.53	OR4081E	OR4081F
25	4112	28.17	3.53	OR4112E	OR4112F
32	4131	32.93	3.53	OR4131E	OR4131F
40	6162	40.65	5.34	OR6162E	OR6162F
50	6187	47	5.34	OR6187E	OR6187F
63	6237	59.69	5.34	OR6237E	OR6237F
75	6300	75.57	5.34	OR6300E	OR6300F
90	6362	91.45	5.34	OR6362E	OR6362F
110	6450	113.67	5.34	OR6450E	OR6450F







O)

LBLOCK

DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> 2-way ball valve

# VKD **DN 10÷50**

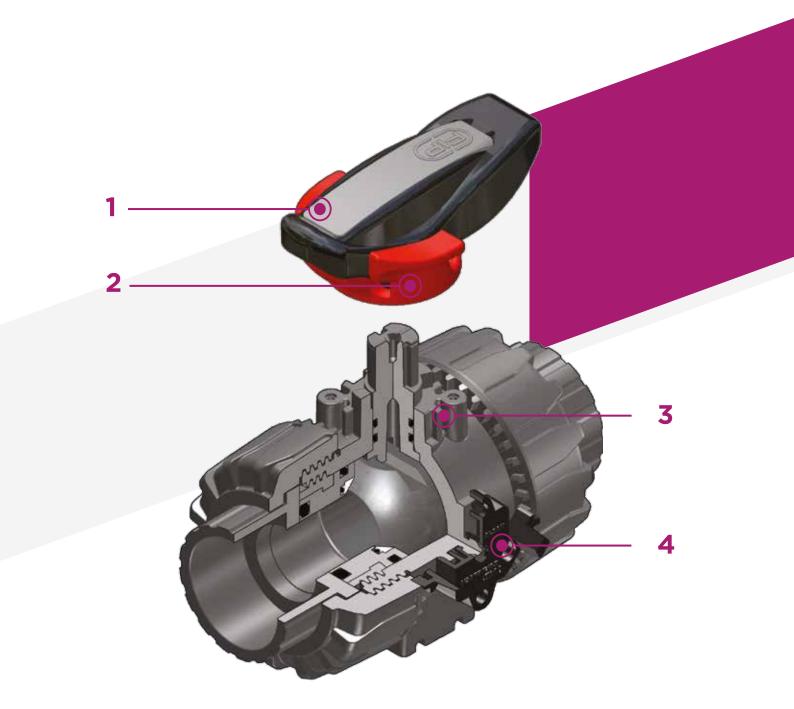
FIP has developed a VKD DUAL BLOCK® 2-way ball valve to introduce a high reference standard in thermosplastic valve design. VKD is a True Union ball valve that meets the most stringent needs required by industrial applications.

### **DUAL BLOCK® 2-WAY BALL VALVE**

- Connection system for weld and flanged joints
- Patented **SEAT STOP**<sup>®</sup> ball carrier system that lets you micro-adjust ball seats and minimise the axial force effect.
- Easy radial disassembly allowing quick replacement of O-rings and ball seats without any need for tools
- **PN16 True Union valve body** made for PVDF injection moulding equipped with built-in bores for actuation. ISO 9393 compliant test requisites
- Option of disassembling downstream pipes with the valve in the closed position
- Floating full bore ball with high surface finish
- Integrated bracket for valve anchoring
- Ball seat carriers can be adjusted using the **Easytorque adjustment kit**



<b>Technical specifications</b>					
Construction	2-way True Union ball valve with locked carrier and lockable union nuts.				
Size range	DN 10 ÷ 50				
Nominal pressure	PN 16 with water at 20° C				
Temperature range	-40 °C ÷ 140 °C				
Coupling standards	<b>Welding:</b> EN ISO 10931. Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931				
	<b>Flanging system:</b> ISO 7005-1, EN ISO 10931, EN 558-1, DIN 2501, ANSI B.16.5 cl. 150				
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 16135, EN ISO 10931,				
	Test methods and requirements: ISO 9393				
	Installation criteria: DVS 2201-1, DVS 2207-15, DVS 2208-1				
	Actuator couplings: ISO 5211				
Valve material	PVDF				
Seal material	FPM (standard size O-Ring, EPDM on request); PTFE (ball seats)				
Control options	Manual control; electric actuator; pneumatic actuator				

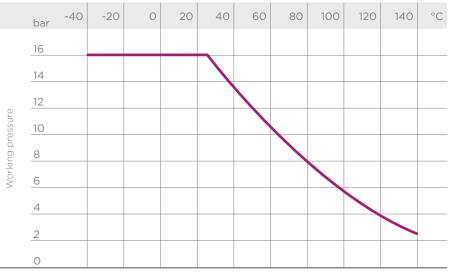


- 1 HIPVC Ergonomic multifunctional handle equipped with **removable tool** to **adjust the ball seat carrier**
- 2 Handle lock 0°- 90° SHKD (available as an accessory) ergonomically operable during service and lockable
- **3** Robust **integrated bracket for valve anchoring**, for easy and quick automation even after valve installation on the system via the Power Quick module (optional)
- 4 **DUAL BLOCK**<sup>®</sup> patented lock system that ensures union nut tightening hold even in severe conditions such as vibrations or heat dilation

# **TECHNICAL DATA**

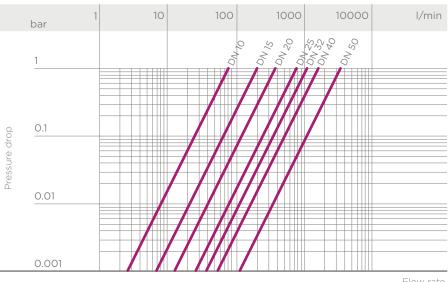
#### **PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE**

For water and non-hazardous fluids with regard to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required (25 years with safety factor).



Working temperature

#### **PRESSURE DROP GRAPH**



Flow rate

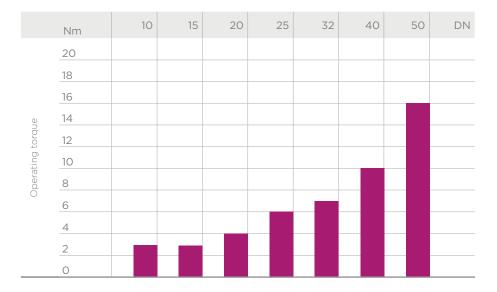
#### K<sub>v</sub>100 FLOW COEFFICIENT

The K<sub>v</sub>100 flow coefficient is the Q flow rate of litres per minute of water at a temperature of 20°C that will generate  $\Delta p = 1$  bar pressure drop at a certain valve position.

The  $K_v$ 100 values shown in the table are calculated with the valve completely open.

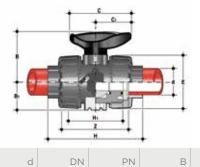
DN	10	15	20	25	32	40	50
K <sub>v</sub> 100 l/min	80	200	385	770	1100	1750	3400

#### OPERATING TORQUE AT MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURE



The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

### DIMENSIONS



d

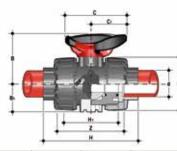
/	Κ	D	IF	
	-			

69.5

82.5

DUAL BLOCK® 2-way ball valve with female ends for socket welding, metric series

B1	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	Z	g	Code
29	67	40	54	102	65	74.5	291	VKDIF016F
29	67	40	54	102	65	73	272	VKDIF020F
34.5	85	49	65	114	70	82	445	VKDIF025F
39	85	49	73	126	78	90	584	VKDIF032F
46	108	64	86	141	88	100	938	VKDIF040F
52	108	64	98	164	93	117	1242	VKDIF050F
62	134	76	122	199	111	144	2187	VKDIF063F



DN

#### VKDIF/SHX

DUAL BLOCK<sup> $\otimes$ </sup> 2-way ball valve with handle lock and STAINLESS steel threaded inserts for fastening, with female ends for butt welding, metric series

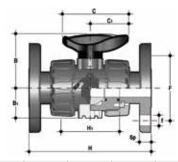
PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	Z	g	Code
16	54	29	67	40	54	102	65	74.5	291	VKDIFSHX016F
16	54	29	67	40	54	102	65	73	272	VKDIFSHX020F
16	65	34.5	85	49	65	114	70	82	445	VKDIFSHX025F
16	69.5	39	85	49	73	126	78	90	584	VKDIFSHX032F
16	82.5	46	108	64	86	141	88	100	938	VKDIFSHX040F
16	89	52	108	64	98	164	93	117	1242	VKDIFSHX050F
16	108	62	134	76	122	199	111	144	2187	VKDIFSHX063F



#### VKDDF

DUAL BLOCK  $\ensuremath{^\circ}$  2-way ball valve with male ends for socket welding, metric series

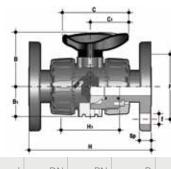
В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L	g	Code
54	29	67	40	54	-	-	-	-	VKDDF016F
54	29	67	40	54	124	65	16	299	VKDDF020F
65	34.5	85	49	65	144	70	18	466	VKDDF025F
69.5	39	85	49	73	154	78	20	604	VKDDF032F
82.5	46	108	64	86	174	88	22	951	VKDDF040F
89	52	108	64	98	194	93	23	1284	VKDDF050F
108	62	134	76	122	224	111	29	2229	VKDDF063F



#### VKDOF

DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> 2-way ball valve with fixed flanges, drilled EN/ISO/DIN PN10/16. Face to face according to EN 558-1

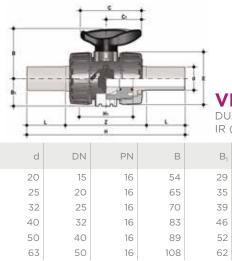
d	DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	F	f	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	U	Sp	g	Code
20	15	16	54	29	67	40	65	14	130	65	4	11	547	VKDOF020F
25	20	16	65	34.5	85	49	75	14	150	70	4	14	772	VKDOF025F
32	25	16	69.5	39	85	49	85	14	160	78	4	14	1024	VKDOF032F
40	32	16	82.5	46	108	64	100	18	180	88	4	14	1583	VKDOF040F
50	40	16	89	52	108	64	110	18	200	93	4	16	2024	VKDOF050F
63	50	16	108	62	134	76	125	18	230	111	4	16	3219	VKDOF063F





DUAL BLOCK® 2-way ball valve with fixed flanges, drilled ANSI B16.5 cl.150 #FF

d	DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	F	f	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	U	Sp	g	Code
1/2"	15	16	54	29	67	40	60.3	15.9	143	65	4	11	547	VKDOAF012F
3/4"	20	16	65	34.5	85	49	69.9	15.9	172	70	4	14	772	VKDOAF034F
1"	25	16	69.5	39	85	49	79.4	15.9	187	78	4	14	1024	VKDOAF100F
1" 1/4	32	16	82.5	46	108	64	88.9	15.9	190	88	4	14	1583	VKDOAF114F
1" 1/2	40	16	89	52	108	64	98.4	15.9	212	93	4	16	2024	VKDOAF112F
2"	50	16	108	62	134	76	120.7	19.1	234	111	4	16	3219	VKDOAF200F



#### VKDBF

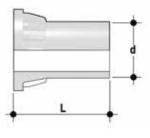
DUAL BLOCK\* 2-way ball valve with long spigot male ends in PVDF for butt welding/ IR (CVDF)

d	DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L	Z	g	Code
20	15	16	54	29	67	40	54	171	65	41	89	450	VKDBF020F
25	20	16	65	35	85	49	65	204	70	52	100	516	VKDBF025F
32	25	16	70	39	85	49	73	220	78	55	110	664	VKDBF032F
40	32	16	83	46	108	64	86	238	88	56	126	1020	VKDBF040F
50	40	16	89	52	108	64	98	254	93	58	138	1350	VKDBF050F
63	50	16	108	62	134	76	122	286	111	66	154	2330	VKDBF063F

# ACCESSORIES

#### CVDF

End connector in PVDF SDR 21 PN 16, long spigot, for butt welding

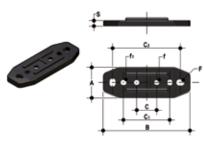


d	DN	PN	L	SDR	Code
20	15	16	55	21	CVDF21020
25	20	16	70	21	CVDF21025
32	25	16	74	21	CVDF21032
40	32	16	78	21	CVDF21040
52	40	16	84	21	CVDF21050
63	50	16	91	21	CVDF21063



SHKD Handle block kit 0° - 90° lockable

d	DN	Code
16 - 20	10 - 15	SHKD020
25 - 32	20 - 25	SHKD032
40 - 50	32 - 40	SHKD050
63	50	SHKD063





	Wall m	ounting	g plate									
	d	DN	A	В	С	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	F	f	f <sub>1</sub>	S	Code
F	16	10	30	86	20	46	67.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5	PMKD1
	20	15	30	86	20	46	67.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5	PMKD1
	25	20	30	86	20	46	67.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5	PMKD1
	32	25	30	86	20	46	67.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5	PMKD1
	40	32	40	122	30	72	102	6.5	6.3	6.5	6	PMKD2

72

72

102

102

6.5

6.5

6.3

6.3

6.5

6.5

6

6

PMKD2

PMKD2

122

122

40

40

30

30



#### PSKD

50

63

40

50

Stem extension

d	DN	A	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	E	В	B <sub>1</sub>	B min	Code
16	10	32	25	32	54	70	29	139.5	PSKD020
20	15	32	25	32	54	70	29	139.5	PSKD020
25	20	32	25	40	65	89	34.5	164.5	PSKD025
32	25	32	25	40	73	93.5	39	169	PSKD032
40	32	40	32	50	86	110	46	200	PSKD040
50	40	40	32	50	98	116	52	206	PSKD050
63	50	40	32	59	122	122	62	225	PSKD063

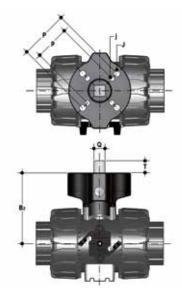


#### **EASYTORQUE KIT**

Kit for ball seat carrier tightening adjustment for DUAL BLOCK® DN 10÷50 series valves

d	DN	Tightening torque recommended*	Code
3/8"-1/2"	10-15	3 N m - 2,21 Lbf ft	KET01
3/4"	20	4 N m - 2,95 Lbf ft	KET01
1"	25	5 N m - 3,69 Lbf ft	KET01
1" 1/4	32	5 N m - 3,69 Lbf ft	KET01
1" 1/2	40	7 N m - 5,16 Lbf ft	KET01
2"	50	9 N m - 6,64 Lbf ft	KET01

\*calculated in ideal installation conditions

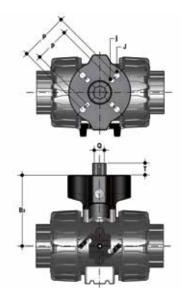


#### **POWER QUICK CP**

The valve can be equipped with pneumatic actuators, using the PP-GR module reproducing the drilling pattern foreseen by ISO 5211

d	DN	B <sub>2</sub>	Q	Т	рхј	РхJ	Code
16	10	58	11	12	F03 x 5,5	F04 x 5,5	PQCP020
20	15	58	11	12	F03 x 5,5	F04 x 5,5	PQCP020
25	20	69	11	12	*F03 x 5,5	F05 x 6,5	PQCP025
32	25	74	11	12	*F03 x 5,5	F05 x 6,5	PQCP032
40	32	91	14	16	F05 x 6,5	F07 x 8,5	PQCP040
50	40	97	14	16	F05 x 6,5	F07 x 8,5	PQCP050
63	50	114	14	16	F05 x 6,5	F07 x 8,5	PQCP063

\*F04 x 5.5 on request

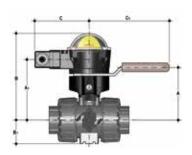


#### **POWER QUICK CE**

The valve can be equipped with electric actuators, using the PP-GR module reproducing the drilling pattern foreseen by ISO 5211

d	DN	B <sub>2</sub>	Q	Т	рхј	РхJ	Code
16	10	58	14	16	F03 x 5,5	F04 x 5,5	PQCE020
20	15	58	14	16	F03 x 5,5	F04 x 5,5	PQCE020
25	20	69	14	16	*F03 x 5,5	F05 x 6,5	PQCE025
32	25	74	14	16	*F03 x 5,5	F05 x 6,5	PQCE032
40	32	91	14	16	F05 x 6,5	F07 x 8,5	PQCE040
50	40	97	14	16	F05 x 6,5	F07 x 8,5	PQCE050
63	50	114	14	16	F05 x 6,5	F07 x 8,5	PQCE063

\*F04 x 5.5 on request

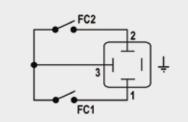


#### **MSKD**

MSKD is a limit switch box with electromechanical or inductive micro switches to remotely signal the valve position. Manual valve installation is possible using the Power Quick actuation module.

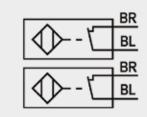
The box can be assembled on the VKD valve even if already installed on the system.

d	DN	А	A <sub>1</sub>	В	B1	С	C <sub>1</sub>	Code electromechani- cal	Code induc- tive	Code Namur
16	10	58	85	132.5	29	88.5	134	MSKD1M	MSKD11	MSKD1N
20	15	58	85	132.5	29	88.5	134	MSKD1M	MSKD11	MSKD1N
25	20	70.5	96	143.5	34.5	88.5	134	MSKD1M	MSKD11	MSKD1N
32	25	74	101	148.5	39	88.5	134	MSKD1M	MSKD11	MSKD1N
40	32	116	118	165.5	46	88.5	167	MSKD2M	MSKD2I	MSKD2N
50	40	122	124	171.5	52	88.5	167	MSKD2M	MSKD2I	MSKD2N
63	50	139	141	188.5	62	88.5	167	MSKD2M	MSKD2I	MSKD2N



Electromechanical

WH + BK -	NO	<u>wн</u> = +	NC
<u>вк</u> +	L NC	<u>вк</u> =	 NO



Inductive

Namur

WH = white; BK = black; BL = blue; BR = brown

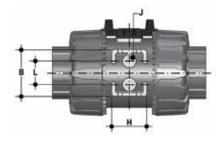
Type switches	Flow rate	Lifetime [drives]	Rated operating	Rated voltage	Operating current	Voltage drop	Empty current	Protection rate
Electromechanical	250 V - 5 A	3 x 10 <sup>7</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	IP65
Inductive	-	-	5 ÷ 36 V	-	4 ÷ 200 mA	< 4,6 V	< 0,8 mA	IP65
Namur*	-	-	7,5 ÷ 30 V DC**	8,2 V DC	< 30 mA**	-	-	IP65

\* To be used with an amplifier

\*\* Outside areas with explosion risks

## FASTENING AND SUPPORTING





All valves, whether manual or actuated, must be adequately supported in many applications.

The VKD valve series is therefore provided with an integrated bracket that permits direct anchoring of the valve body without the need of other components.

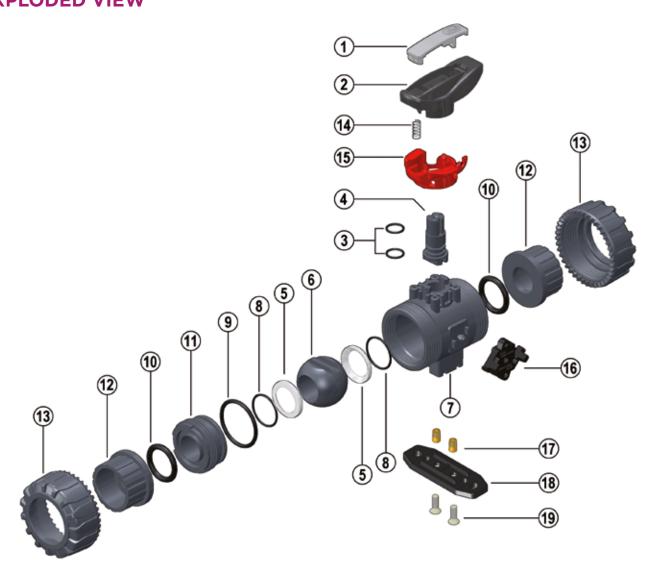
For wall installation, dedicated PMKD mounting plates which are available as accessories can be used. These plates should be fastened to the valve before wall installation.

PMKD plates also allow VKD valve alignment with FIP ZIKM pipe clips as well as allowing different sizes of valves to be aligned.

d	DN	В	Н	L	J*
16	10	31.5	27	20	M4 x 6
20	15	31.5	27	20	M4 x 6
25	20	40	30	20	M4 x 6
32	25	40	30	20	M4 x 6
40	32	50	35	20	M6 x 10
50	40	50	35	20	M6 x 10
63	50	60	40	20	M6 x 10

\* With threaded inserts

### COMPONENTS EXPLODED VIEW



- 1 · Handle insert (PVC 1)
- 2 · Handle (HIPVC 1)
- 3 · Stem O-Ring (FPM - 2)\*
- **4** ⋅ Stem (PVDF 1)
- 5 · Ball seat (PTFE - 2)\*
- 6 · Ball (PVDF 1)\*
- 7 · Body (PVDF 1)

- 8 Ball seat O-ring (FPM - 2)\*
- 9 · Radial seal O-Ring (FPM - 1)\*
- 10 · Socket seal O-Ring (FPM - 2)\*
- 11 · Ball seat carrier (PVDF - 1)
- 12 · End connector (PVDF 2)
- 13 · Union nut (PVDF 2)\*

- 14 · Spring (STAINLESS steel 1)\*\*
- 15 · Handle safety block (PP-GR 1)\*\*
- 16 · DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> (POM 1)
- 17 · Threaded inserts (STAINLESS steel or Brass - 2)\*\*
- **18** · Distance plate (PP-GR - 1)\*\*
- 19 · Screw (STAINLESS steel 2)\*\*

\* Spare parts

\*\* Accessories

The material of the component and the quantity supplied are indicated between brackets

#### DISASSEMBLY

- Isolate the valve from the line (release the pressure and empty the pipeline).
- Unlock the union nuts by pressing the lever on the DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> (16) along the axis and separate it from the union nut (fig. 1-2). IT is also possible to completely remove the locking device from the valve body.
- 3) Fully unscrew the union nuts (13) and extract the body sideways.
- Before dismounting, hold the valve in a vertical position and open it 45° to drain any liquid that might remain.
- 5) After closing the valve, remove the special insert (1) from the handle (2) and push the two projecting ends into the corresponding recesses on the ball seat carrier (11). Rotate the stop ring anti-clockwise to extract it (fig. 3-4).
- 6) Pull the handle (2) upwards to remove it from the valve stem (4).
- Press on the ball from the side opposite the "REGULAR - ADJUST" label, being sure not to scratch it, until the ball seat carrier exits (11), then extract the ball (6).
- 8) Press the stem (4) inwards until it exits the valve body.
- Remove the O-Ring (3, 8, 9, 10) and PTFE ball seats (5) extracting them from their grooves, as illustrated in the exploded view.

### ASSEMBLY

- 1) All the O-rings (3, 8, 9, 10) must be inserted in their grooves as shown in the exploded view.
- 2) Insert the stem (4) from inside the valve body (7).
- Place the PTFE ball seats (5) in the housings in the body (7) and in the ball seat carrier (11).
- 4) Insert the ball (6) rotating it to the closed position.
- Screw the carrier (11) into the body and tighten up in the clockwise direction using the handle (2) to limit stop.
- Insert the valve between the end connectors (12) and tighten the union nuts (13) making sure that the socket seal O-rings (10) do not exit their seats.
- 7) The handle (2) should be placed on the valve stem (4).

**Note:** during assembly operations, it is advisable to lubricate the rubber seals. Mineral oils are not recommended for this task as they react aggressively with EPDM rubber.



Fig. 2



Fig. 3



Fig. 4

## INSTALLATION

Before proceeding with installation. please follow these instructions carefully:

- Check that the pipes to be connected to the valve are aligned in order to avoid mechanical stress on the threaded joints.
- Check that the DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> union nut locking device (16) is fitted to the valve body.
- 3) To release the union nuts, axially press the release lever to separate the lock and then unscrew it in the counter-clockwise direction.
- 4) Unscrew the union nuts (13) and insert them on the pipe segments.
- 5) Solvent weld or screw the end connectors (12) onto the pipe ends.
- 6) Position the valve body between the end connectors and fully tighten the union nuts (13) manually by rotating clockwise without using wrenches or other tools that could damage the union nut surface.
- Lock the union nuts by returning the DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> to its housing, pressing on it until the hinges lock on the nuts.



8) If necessary, support the pipework with FIP pipe clips or by means of the carrier built into the valve itself (see paragraph "fastening and supporting").

The VKD valve can be equipped with a handle lock to prevent ball rotation (supplied separately).

When the handle safety block (14, 15) is installed, lift the lever (15) and rotate the handle (fig. 6-7).

A lock can also be installed on the handle to protect the system against tampering (fig. 8).

Seal can be adjusted using the extractable insert on the handle (fig. 3-4).

The seals can be adjusted later with the valve installed on the pipe by simply tightening the union nuts. This "micro adjustment", only possible with FIP valves thanks to the patented "Seat stop system", allows the seal to be recovered where PTFE ball seats are worn due to a high number of manoeuvres.

The Easytorque kit can also be used for micro adjustments (fig. 5).



Fig. 6



Fig. 7



Fig. 8



### 

- If volatile liquid such as Hydrogen Peroxide (H2O2) or Sodium Hypochlorite (NaCIO) are used, for safety reasons we recommend you contact the service centre. These liquids, upon vaporising, could create hazardous over pressures in the area between the body and ball.
- Always avoid sudden closing operations and protect the valve from accidental operations.







### VKD DN 65÷100 PVDF

0

A

LOCK

EE

DUAL BLOCK® 2-way ball valve

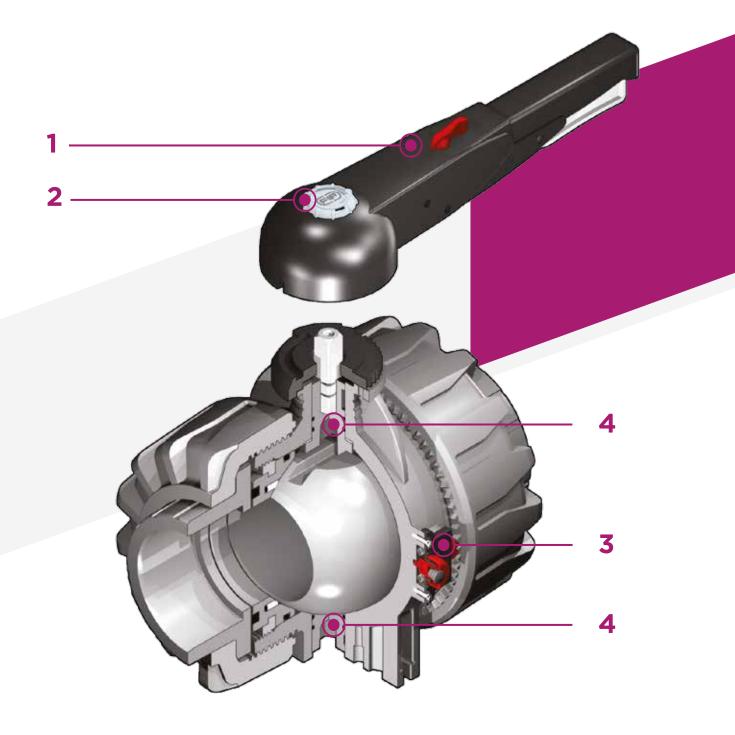
# VKD DN 65÷100

FIP has developed a VKD DUAL BLOCK® ball valve to introduce a high reference standard in thermosplastic valve design. VKD is a True Union ball valve that meets the most stringent needs required by industrial applications. This valve is also equipped with a customising Labelling System.

### **DUAL BLOCK® 2-WAY BALL VALVE**

- Connection system for weld and flanged joints
- Patented **SEAT STOP**<sup>®</sup> ball seat carrier system that lets you micro-adjust ball seats and minimise axial force effects
- Easy radial disassembly allowing quick replacement of O-rings and ball seats without any need for tools
- PN16 **True Union valve body** made for PVDF injection moulding equipped with built-in bores for actuation. ISO 9393 compliant test requisites
- Option of disassembling downstream pipes with the valve in the closed position
- Full bore ball with high surface finish
- Integrated bracket for valve anchoring
- Possibility of installing a gear box or pneumatic and/or electric actuators by applying an ISO standard bore PP-GR flange
- STAINLESS steel co-moulded stem, with square section as per ISO 5211

Construction	2-way True Union ball valve with locked carrier and
construction	
	union nuts.
Size range	DN 65 ÷ 100
Nominal pressure	PN 16 with water at 20° C
Temperature range	-40 °C ÷ 140 °C
Coupling standards	Welding: EN ISO 10931.
	Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931
	Flanging system: ISO 7005-1, EN ISO 10931, EN 558-1
	DIN 2501, ANSI B.16.5 cl. 150
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 16135, EN ISO 10931,
	Test methods and requirements: ISO 9393
	Installation criteria: DVS 2201-1, DVS 2207-15,
	DVS 2208-1
	Actuator couplings: ISO 5211
Valve material	PVDF
Seal material	FPM (standard size O-Ring, EPDM on request);
	PTFE (ball seats)
Control options	Manual control; electric actuator; pneumatic actuator



- HIPVC ergonomic multifunctional handle for quick operation, lock and graduated adjustment in 10 positions. Possibility of inhibiting rotation with a lock
- 2 Customisable Labelling System: built-in LCE module made of a transparent protection plug and **customisable tag holder** using the LSE set (available as an accessory). The customisation lets you identify the valve on the system according to specific needs
- **3 DUAL BLOCK**<sup>®</sup> patented lock system that ensures union nut tightening hold even in severe conditions such as vibrations or heat dilation
- **4 Double stem** with double O-Rings for ball centring and operating torque reduction

## TECHNICAL DATA

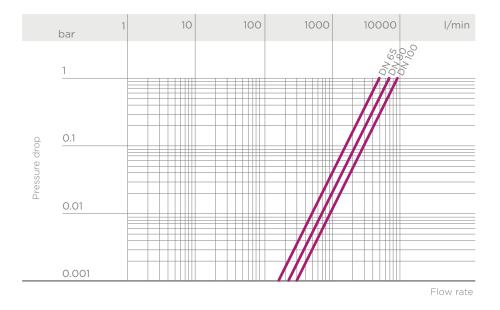
#### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

For water and non-hazardous fluids with regard to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required (25 years with safety factor).



Working temperature

#### PRESSURE DROP GRAPH



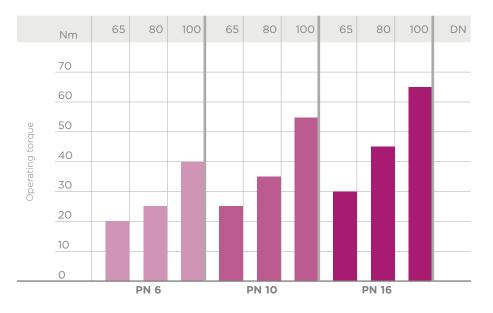
#### K<sub>v</sub>100 FLOW COEFFICIENT

The K<sub>v</sub>100 flow coefficient is the Q flow rate of litres per minute of water at a temperature of 20°C that will generate  $\Delta p$ = 1 bar pressure drop at a certain valve position.

The  $K_v$ 100 values shown in the table are calculated with the value completely open.

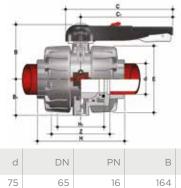
DN	65	80	100
K <sub>v</sub> 100 l/min	5250	7100	9500

#### OPERATING TORQUE AT MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURE



The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

### DIMENSIONS



65

80

100

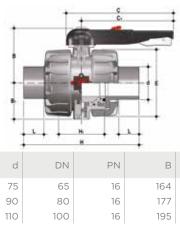
90

110

#### **VKDIF**

DUAL BLOCK® 2-way ball valve with female ends for socket welding, metric series

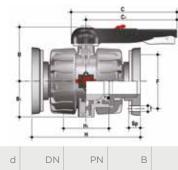
I	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	Z	g	Code
	16	164	87	225	175	162	213	133	153	4380	VKDIF075F
)	16	177	105	327	272	202	239	149	173	7200	VKDIF090F
)	16	195	129	385	330	236	268	167	199	11141	VKDIF110F



#### VKDDF

DUAL BLOCK® 2-way ball valve with male ends for socket welding, metric series

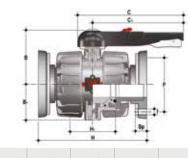
DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L	g	Code
65	16	164	87	225	175	162	284	133	44	4420	VKDDF075F
80	16	177	105	327	272	202	300	149	51	6930	VKDDF090F
100	16	195	129	385	330	236	340	167	61	10950	VKDDF110F



#### VKDOF

DUAL BLOCK® 2-way ball valve with fixed flanges, drilled EN/ISO/DIN PN10/16. Face to face according to EN 558-1

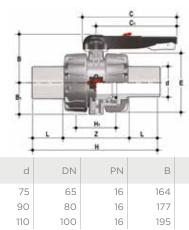
d	DN	PN	В	B1	С	C <sub>1</sub>	F	f	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	U	Sp	g	Code
75	65	16	164	87	225	175	145	17	290	133	4	21	8588	VKDOF075F
90	80	16	177	105	327	272	160	17	310	149	8	21.5	12122	VKDOF090F
110	100	16	195	129	385	330	180	17	350	167	8	21.5	17949	VKDOF110F



#### VKDOAF

DUAL BLOCK  $^{\circ}$  2-way ball valve with fixed flanges, drilled ANSI B16.5 cl.150 #FF. Face to face according to EN 558-1

d	DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	F	f	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	U	Sp	g	Code
2" 1/2	65	16	164	87	225	175	139.7	18	290	133	4	21	8588	VKDOAF075F
3"	80	16	177	105	327	272	152.4	18	310	149	8	21.5	12122	VKDOAF090F
4"	100	16	195	129	385	330	190.5	18	350	167	8	21.5	17949	VKDOAF110F



#### VKDBF

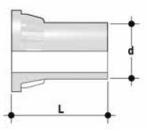
DUAL BLOCK  $^{\circ}$  2-way ball valve with long spigot male ends in PVDF SDR 21 for butt welding/IR (CVDF)

B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L	Z	g	Code
87	225	175	162	284	133	71	142	4700	VKDBF075F
105	327	272	202	300	149	88	124	7150	VKDBF090F
129	385	330	236	340	167	92	156	11300	VKDBF110F

# ACCESSORIES

#### CVDF

End connector in PVDF SDR 21 PN 16, long spigot, for butt welding



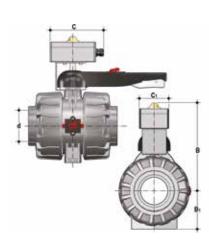
d	DN	PN	L	SDR	Code
75	65	16	110.5	21	CVDF21075
90	80	16	118.5	21	CVDF21090
110	100	16	130.5	21	CVDF21110



#### LSE

Customisation and label printing set for Easyfit handle made up of precut adhesive sheets and software for guided label creation

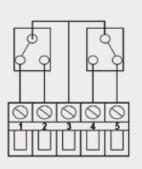
d	DN	Code
75	65	LSE040
90	80	LSE040
110	100	LSE040



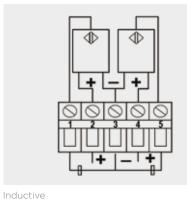
#### VKD-MS

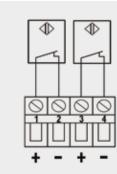
The MS kit lets you install a limit switch box with electromechanical or inductive micro switches on a manual VKD valve to remotely signal the valve position (open-closed). The kit can be assembled on the valve even if already installed on the system.

d	DN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	Protection rate	Code electromechani- cal	Code induc- tive	Code Namur
75	65	266	87	150	80	IP67	FKMS1M	FKMS1I	FKMS1N
90	80	279	105	150	80	IP67	FKMS1M	FKMS1I	FKMS1N
110	100	297	129	150	80	IP67	FKMS1M	FKMS1I	FKMS1N



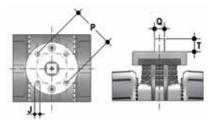
Electromechanical





Namur\*

\* To be used with an amplifier



#### **ACTUATOR MOUNTING FLANGE**

The valve can be equipped with standard pneumatic or electric actuators and gearbox for heavy-duty operations, using a flange in PP-GR reproducing the drilling pattern provided for by standard ISO 5211 F07

d	DN	РхJ	Т	Q
75	65	F07 x 9	16	14
90	80	F07 x 9	16	14
110	100	F07 x 9	19	17

### FASTENING AND SUPPORTING



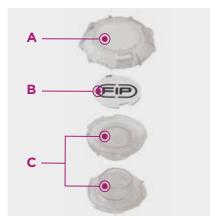
M7 5

All valves, whether manual or actuated, must be adequately supported in many applications.

The VKD valve series is therefore provided with an integrated bracket that permits direct anchoring of the valve body without the need of other components.

75 65	M6	6.3	17.4		
	110	0.5	17.4	90	51.8
1 <b>u</b> - <b>l</b> - <b>u</b>	M6	8.4	21.2	112.6	63
110 100	M8	8.4	21.2	137	67

### CUSTOMISATION



The VKD DN 65÷100 valve is equipped with the customisable Labelling System.

This system lets you create special labels to insert in the handle. This makes it extremely easy to apply company logos, identification serial numbers or service indications such as, for example, the valve function in the system, the transported fluid, but also specific information for customer service, such as the customer name or installation date or location on the valves.

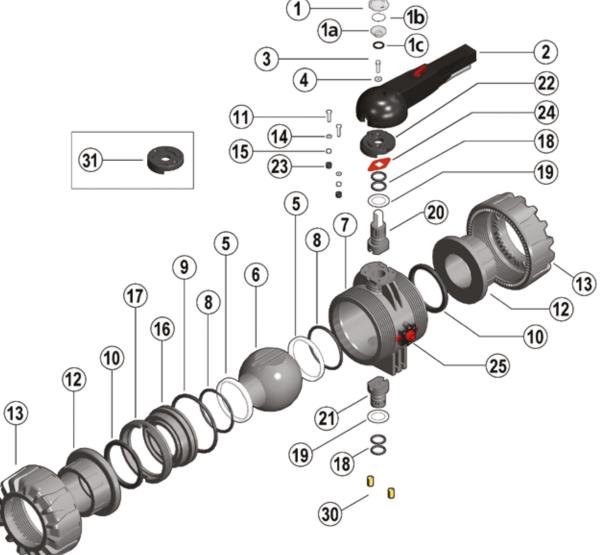
The specific LCE module is a standard supply and is made up of a rigid transparent water-resistant PVC plug (A-C) and white tag holder (B) made of the same material, bearing on the FIP logo one side.

The plate, inserted in the plug, can be removed and, once overturned, used for customisation by applying labels printed with the software supplied with the LSE set. Proceed as follows to apply the label on the valve:

- 1) Remove the upper part of the transparent plug (A) rotating it counter-clockwise as indicated by the "Open" label on the plug and remove it.
- 2) Extract the tag holder from its housing on the lower part of the plug (C)
- 3) Apply the adhesive label on the tag holder (B) to align the profiles matching the tab position.
- 4) Reinsert the tag holder in its housing at the bottom of the plug
- Reposition the top of the plug in the housing rotating it clockwise; this way the label is protected against the elements.

## COMPONENTS

### EXPLODED VIEW



- **1-1a** · Transparent protection plug (PVC 1)
- 1b · Tag holder (PVC - 1)
- 1c · O-Ring (NBR 1)
- 2 · Handle (HIPVC 1)
- 3 · Screw (Stainless steel 1)
- 4 ⋅ Stop washer (STAINLESS steel - 1)
- 5 · Ball seat (PTFE 2)\*
- 6 · Ball (PVDF 1)\*
- 7 · Body (PVDF 1)

- 8 · Ball seat O-ring (FPM - 2)\*
- 9 · Radial seal O-Ring (FPM - 1)\*
- 10 · Socket seal O-Ring (FPM - 2)\*
- 11 · Screw (Stainless steel 2)
- 12 · End connector (PVDF 2)\*
- 13 · Union nut(PVDF 2)\*
- 14 · Stop washer (Stainless steel 2)
- **15** Nut (Stainless steel 2)
- 16 · Ball seat
  - carrier(PVDF 1)
- 17 · Threaded ring (PVDF 1)

- **18** · Stem O-Ring (FPM - 4)\*
- 19 · Anti-friction disk (PTFE 2)\*
- 20 · Upper stem (PVDF/STAINLESS steel - 1)
- 21 · Loser stem (PVDF - 1)
- **22** · Plate (PP-GR 1)
- **23** · Protection plug (PE 2)
- **24** · Position indicator (PA 1)
- 25 · DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> (PP-GR + various- 1)
- **30** Threaded insert (Brass - 2)\*\*
- **31** · Actuation plate (PP-GR - 1)\*\*

\* Spare parts

\*\* Accessories

The material of the component and the quantity supplied are indicated between brackets

#### DISASSEMBLY

- Isolate the valve from the line (release the pressure and empty the pipeline).
- 2) Release the union nuts by rotating the button (25) to the left, pointing the arrow on the open lock (fig. 1).
- 3) Unscrew the union nuts (13) and extract the body (7) (fig. 2).
- Before dismounting, hold the valve in a vertical position and open it 45° to drain any liquid that might remain.
- 5) Open the valve.
- Remove the protection plug on the handle (2) and unscrew the screw (3) with the washer (4).
- 7) Remove the handle (2).
- Remove the screws (11) and plate (22) from the body (7).
- Insert the two supplied wrench protrusions in the corresponding apertures on the threaded ring (17), extracting it by rotating counterclockwise with the ball seat carrier (16) (fig. 3).
- 10) Press on the ball (6), being careful not to scratch it, and remove it from the body.
- Press the upper stem (20) inwards and extract it from the body and remove the lower stem (21). Remove the anti-friction disks (19).
- 12) Remove the O-Ring (8, 9, 10, 18) and PTFE ball seats (5) extracting them from their grooves, as illustrated in the exploded view.

### ASSEMBLY

- 1) All the O-rings (8, 9, 10, 18) must be inserted in their grooves as shown in the exploded view.
- Place the anti-friction disks (19) on the stems (20-21) and insert the stems in their housings in the body.
- 3) Place the PTFE ball seats (5) in the housings in the body (7) and in the ball seat carrier (16).
- 4) Insert the ball (6) rotating it to the closed position.
- Insert the carrier with threaded ring (17) into the body and tighten up in the clockwise direction using the supplied tool, to limit stop.
- Position the plate (22) with rack on the body, and screw in the screws (11) washers (14) and nuts (15).
- 7) The handle (2) with protection plug (1, 1a, 1b, 1c) should be placed on the stem (20) (fig. 4).
- Screw in the screw (3) with the washer (4) and position the protection plug (1, 1a, 1b, 1c).
- Insert the valve between the end connectors (12) and tighten the union nuts (13), making sure that the socket seal O-rings (10) do not exit their seats.
- 10) Release the union nuts by rotating the button (25) to the right, pointing the arrow on the closed lock (fig. 1).

the arrow on the closed lock (lig. j).

**Note:** during assembly operations, it is advisable to lubricate the rubber seals. Mineral oils are not recommended for this task as they react aggressively with EPDM rubber.

### INSTALLATION

Before proceeding with installation, please follow these instructions carefully:

- Check that the pipes to be connected to the valve are aligned in order to avoid mechanical stress on the threaded joints.
- 2) Make sure the DUAL BLOCK® union nut lock system (25) is in the FREE position.
- 3) Unscrew the union nuts (13) and insert them on the pipe segments.
- 4) Solvent weld or screw the end connectors (12) onto the pipe ends.
- 5) Position the valve body between the end connectors and fully tighten the union nuts (13) clockwise with an appropriate wrench.
- 6) Lock the union nuts rotating the button (25) clockwise (see paragraph "union nut lock").
- If necessary, support the pipework with FIP pipe clips or by means of the carrier built into the valve itself (see paragraph "fastening and supporting").

Adjust the ball seat carriers using the supplied tool (fig. 3).

The seals can be adjusted later with the valve installed on the pipe by simply tightening the union nuts. This "micro adjustment", only possible with FIP valves thanks to the patented "Seat stop system", allows the seal to be recovered where PTFE ball seats are worn due to a high number of manoeuvres. Fig. 1



Fig. 2



Fig. 3



Fig. 4



#### **UNION NUT LOCK**



Rotate the button to the left, pointing the arrow on the open lock to unlock DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup>: the valve union nuts are free to rotate clockwise and counter-clockwise. Rotate the button to the right, pointing the arrow on the closed lock to lock DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup>: the valve union nuts are blocked in the desired position.

#### HANDLE LOCK



Thanks to the multifunctional handle and the red manoeuvre button on the lever, you can perform a 0°-90° operation and a graduated operation by means of the 10 intermediate positions and a stop lock: the handle can be locked in each of the 10 positions by simply pressing the Free-lock button. A lock can also be installed on the handle to protect the system against tampering.

The valve is two-way and can be installed in any position. It can also be installed at end line or tank.

### 

- If volatile liquid such as Hydrogen Peroxide (H2O2) or Sodium Hypochlorite (NaClO) are used, for safety reasons we recommend you contact the service centre. These liquids, upon vaporising, could create hazardous over pressures in the area between the body and ball.
- Always avoid sudden closing operations and protect the valve from accidental operations.







DUAL BLOCK® regulating ball valve

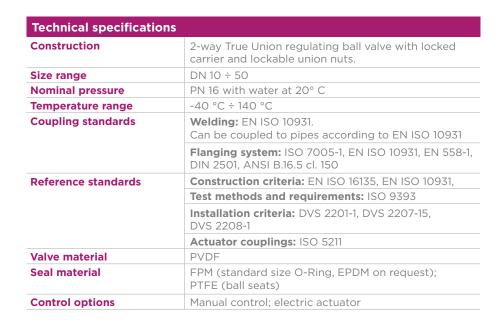
Q)

# VKR DN 10÷50

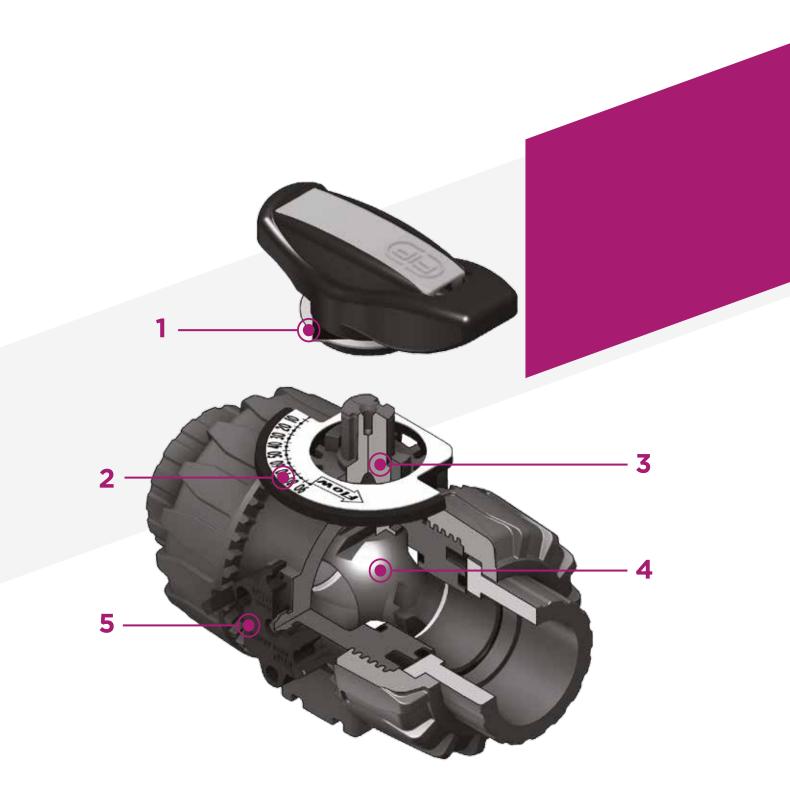
The VKR DUAL BLOCK® valve combines high reliability and safety aspects typical of VKD full bore ball valves with the new flow adjustment function with typical linear curve that meets the most stringent needs typical of industrial applications.



- Connection system for weld and flanged joints
- Patented **SEAT STOP**<sup>®</sup> ball carrier system that lets you micro-adjust ball seats and minimise axial force effects
- Easy radial disassembly allowing quick replacement of O-rings and ball seats without any need for tools
- **PN16 True Union valve body** made for PVDF injection moulding equipped with built-in bores for actuation. ISO 9393 compliant test requisites
- Option of disassembling downstream pipes with the valve in the closed position
- High surface finish stem with double O-Ring and double groove ball connection
- Integrated bracket for valve anchoring
- Ball seat carrier can be adjusted using the Easytorque adjustment kit
- Actuation option: version with electric modulating actuator with 4-20 mA / 0-10 V inlet and 4-20 mA / 0-10 V outlet to monitor the position
- Valve suitable for carrying fluids that are clean and free of suspended particles







- 1 HIPVC ergonomic multifunctional handle with **position indicator** and removable key to **adjust the ball seat carrier**
- 2 Flow direction indication plate and opening angle with graduated scale with 5° detail for clear and accurate readings
- **3** 90° operating angle that permits the use of **standard quarter turn actuators**
- 4 The patented ball design provides **linear flow adjustment** throughout its range of operation even when the valve is open just a few degrees and guarantees minimum pressure drops
- 5 Patented **DUAL BLOCK**<sup>®</sup> system: prevents union nuts from loosening even under extreme operating conditions: e.g. vibration or thermal expansion

# **TECHNICAL DATA**

### PRESSURE VARIATION **ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE**

For water and non-hazardous fluids with regard to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required (25 years with safety factor).



100

DN 10 DN 15 DN 15 20 20

1000

22

DN 50

ADN25

Working temperature

l/min

Flow rate

10000



0.01

0.001

#### PRESSURE DROP **GRAPH**

DN	10	15	20	25	32	40	50
K <sub>v</sub> 100 l/min	83	88	135	256	478	592	1068

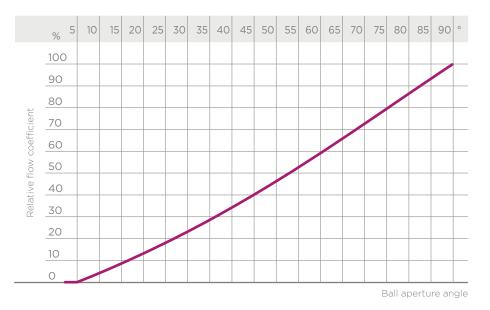
### K<sub>v</sub>100 FLOW COEFFICIENT

The K<sub>v</sub>100 flow coefficient is the Q flow rate of litres per minute of water at a temperature of 20°C that will generate  $\Delta p=1$  bar pressure drop at a certain valve position.

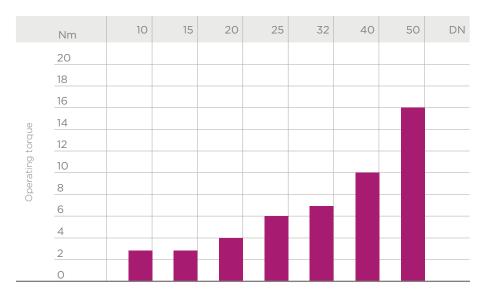
The  $K_v 100$  values shown in the table are calculated with the valve completely open.

### RELATIVE FLOW COEFFICIENT GRAPH

The relative flow coefficient is the flow rate through the valve as a function of the degree of valve opening.

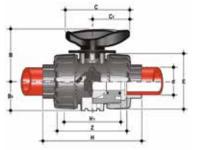


OPERATING TORQUE AT MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURE



The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

### DIMENSIONS



ΡN

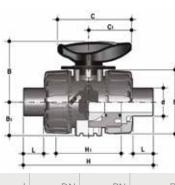
DN

d

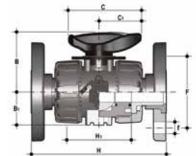
#### VKRIF

 $\mathsf{DUAL}\ \mathsf{BLOCK}^{\otimes}$  regulating ball value with female ends for socket welding, metric series

В	B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	Z	g	Code
54	29	67	40	54	102	65	74.5	291	VKRIF016F
54	29	67	40	54	102	65	73	272	VKRIF020F
65	34.5	85	49	65	114	70	82	445	VKRIF025F
69.5	39	85	49	73	126	78	90	584	VKRIF032F
82.5	46	108	64	86	141	88	100	938	VKRIF040F
89	52	108	64	98	164	93	117	1242	VKRIF050F
108	62	134	76	122	199	111	144	2187	VKRIF063F



	В	PN	DN	d
	54	16	15	20
34	65	16	20	25
	69.5	16	25	32
	82.5	16	32	40
	89	16	40	52
	108	16	50	63



#### Face to face according to EN 558-1 DN ΡN В С $C_1$ F B<sub>1</sub> Н H Sp U d f Code g VKROF020F 34.5 VKROF025F 69.5 VKROF032F 82.5 VKROF040F VKROF050F VKROF063F

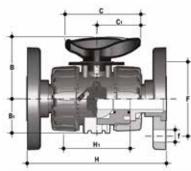
#### VKRDF

VKROF

 $\mathsf{DUAL}\ \mathsf{BLOCK}^{\otimes}$  regulating ball value with male ends for socket welding, metric series

B <sub>1</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L	g	Code
29	65	40	54	124	65	16	299	VKRDF020F
34.5	70	49	65	144	70	18	466	VKRDF025F
39	78	49	73	154	78	20	604	VKRDF032F
46	88	64	86	174	88	22	951	VKRDF040F
52	93	64	98	194	93	23	1284	VKRDF050F
62	111	76	122	224	111	29	2229	VKRDF063F

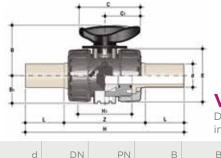
DUAL BLOCK® regulating ball valve with EN/ISO/DIN fixed flange, drilled PN10/16.



#### VKROAF

DUAL BLOCK\* regulating ball valve with ANSI B16.5 cl.150#FF fixed flange bore

Size	DN	PN	В	B1	С	C <sub>1</sub>	F	f	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	Sp	U	g	Code
1/2″	15	16	54	29	67	40	60.3	15.9	143	65	11	4	547	VKROAF012F
3/4″	20	16	65	34.5	85	49	69.9	15.9	172	70	14	4	772	VKROAF034F
1″	25	16	69.5	39	85	49	79.4	15.9	187	78	14	4	1024	VKROAF100F
1" 1/4	32	16	82.5	46	108	64	88.9	15.9	190	88	14	4	1583	VKROAF114F
1" 1/2	40	16	89	52	108	64	98.4	15.9	212	93	16	4	2024	VKROAF112F
2"	50	16	108	62	134	76	120.7	19.1	234	111	16	4	3219	VKROAF200F



#### VKRBF

DUAL BLOCK® regulating ball valve with long spigot male ends in PVDF for butt welding/IR (CVDF)

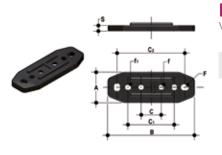
d	DN	PN	В	B1	С	C <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H1	L	Z	g	Code
20	15	16	54	29	67	40	54	171	65	41	89	450	VKRBF020F
25	20	16	65	35	85	49	65	204	70	52	100	516	VKRBF025F
32	25	16	70	39	85	49	73	220	78	55	110	664	VKRBF032F
40	32	16	83	46	108	64	86	238	88	56	126	1020	VKRBF040F
50	40	16	89	52	108	64	98	254	93	58	138	1350	VKRBF050F
63	50	16	108	62	134	76	122	286	111	66	154	2330	VKRBF063F

## ACCESSORIES

#### CVDF

End connector in PVDF SDR 21 PN 16, long spigot, for butt welding

•	d	DN	PN	L	SDR	Code
d	20	15	16	55	21	CVDF21020
	25	20	16	70	21	CVDF21025
	32	25	16	74	21	CVDF21032
	40	32	16	78	21	CVDF21040
	52	40	16	84	21	CVDF21050
18	63	50	16	91	21	CVDF21063





d	DN	A	В	С	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	F	f	f <sub>1</sub>	S	Code
16	10	30	86	20	46	67.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5	PMKD1
20	15	30	86	20	46	67.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5	PMKD1
25	20	30	86	20	46	67.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5	PMKD1
32	25	30	86	20	46	67.5	6.5	5.3	5.5	5	PMKD1
40	32	40	122	30	72	102	6.5	6.3	6.5	6	PMKD2
50	40	40	122	30	72	102	6.5	6.3	6.5	6	PMKD2
63	50	40	122	30	72	102	6.5	6.3	6.5	6	PMKD2

#### **EASYTORQUE KIT**

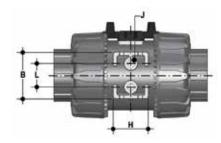
Kit for ball seat carrier tightening adjustment for DUAL BLOCK® DN 10÷50 series valves

d	DN	Tightening torque recommended*	Code
3/8"-1/2"	10-15	3 N m - 2,21 Lbf ft	KET01
3/4"	20	4 N m - 2,95 Lbf ft	KET01
1"	25	5 N m - 3,69 Lbf ft	KET01
1" 1/4	32	5 N m - 3,69 Lbf ft	KET01
1" 1/2	40	7 N m - 5,16 Lbf ft	KET01
2"	50	9 N m - 6,64 Lbf ft	KET01

\*calculated in ideal installation conditions

## FASTENING AND SUPPORTING





All valves, whether manual or actuated, must be adequately supported in many applications.

The VKR valve series is therefore provided with an integrated bracket that permits direct anchoring of the valve body without the need of other components.

For wall installation, dedicated PMKD mounting plates which are available as accessories can be used. These plates should be fastened to the valve before wall installation.

PMKD plates also allow VKR valve alignment with FIP ZIKM pipe clips as well as allowing different sizes of valves to be aligned.

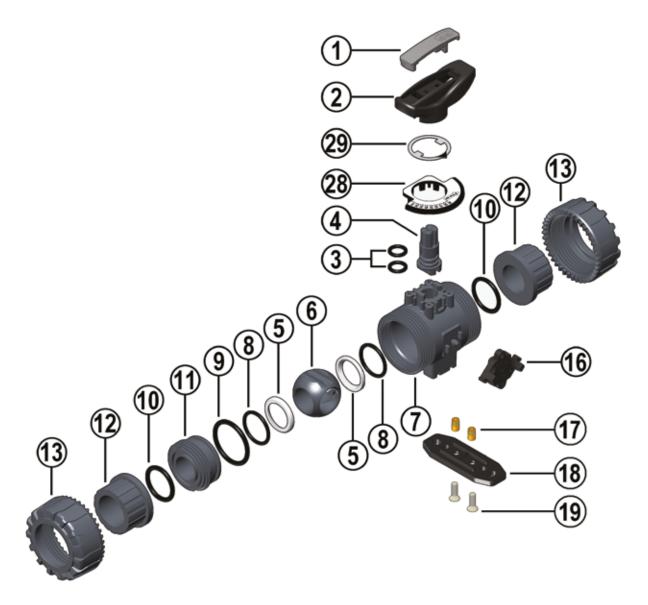
d	DN	В	Н	L	J*
16	10	31.5	27	20	M4 x 6
20	15	31.5	27	20	M4 x 6
25	20	40	30	20	M4 x 6
32	25	40	30	20	M4 x 6
40	32	50	35	20	M6 x 10
50	40	50	35	20	M6 x 10
63	50	60	40	20	M6 x 10





# COMPONENTS

### **EXPLODED VIEW**



- 1 · Handle insert (PVC 1)
- 2 · Handle (HIPVC 1)
- **3** · Stem O-ring (FPM - 2)\*
- **4** ⋅ Stem (PVDF 1)
- 5 Ball seat (PTFE 2)\*
- 6 · Patented ball design (PVDF - 1)
- 7 · Body (PVDF 1)

- 8 · Ball seat O-ring (FPM - 2)\*
- 9 · Radial seal O-Ring (FPM - 1)\*
- 10 · Socket seal O-Ring (FPM - 2)\*
- 11 · Ball seat carrier (PVDF - 1)
- **12** · End connector (PVDF 2)

- 13 · Union nut(PVDF 2)\*
- 16 · DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> (POM 1)
- 17 Threaded inserts (STAINLESS steel or Brass - 2)\*\*
  18 • Distance plate
- (PP-GR 1)\*\*
- **19** · Screw (STAINLESS steel 2)\*\*
- 28 · Graduated plate (POM-PVC - 1)
- **29** · Indicator (PVC 1)

\* Spare parts

\*\* Accessories

### DISASSEMBLY

- Isolate the valve from the line (release the pressure and empty the pipeline).
- Unlock the union nuts by pressing the lever on the DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> (16) along the axis and separate it from the union nut (fig. 1). It is also possible to completely remove the locking device from the valve body.
- Fully unscrew the union nuts (13) and extract the body sideways.
- Before dismounting, hold the valve in a vertical position and open it 45° to drain any liquid that might remain.
- 5) After closing the valve, remove the special insert (1) from the handle (2) and push the two projecting ends into the corresponding recesses on the ball seat carrier (11). Rotate the stop ring anti-clockwise to extract it.
- 6) Pull the handle (2) upwards to remove it from the valve stem (4).
- Make sure that the position indicator (29) remains properly fastened to the handle (2).
- Press on the ball from the side opposite the "REGULAR - ADJUST" label, being sure not to scratch it, until the ball seat carrier exits (11), then extract the ball (6).
- 9) Press the stem (4) inwards until it exits the valve body.
- 10) All the O-rings (3, 8, 9, 10) and PTFE ball seats (5) must be removed from their grooves, as shown in the exploded view.

### ASSEMBLY

- 1) All the O-rings (3, 8, 9, 10) must be inserted in their grooves as shown in the exploded view.
- 2) Insert the stem (4) from inside the valve body (7).
- 3) Place the PTFE ball seats (5) in the housings in the body (7) and in the ball seat carrier (11).
- 4) Insert the ball (6) in the body as shown in Fig. 3
- Screw the carrier (11) into the body and tighten up in the clockwise direction using the special insert (1) to limit stop.
- Position the indicator (29) on the handle with the pointer set to 0 on the graduated scale while making sure that the valve is in the closed position (fig. 2-3).
- 7) Insert the handle (2) with the insert(1) in its housing on the stem (4).
- Insert the valve between the end connectors (12) making sure that they match the direction of flow shown on the plate (fig. 2) then tighten the union nuts (13) making sure that the socket seal O-rings (10) do not come out of their grooves.

**Note:** during assembly operations, it is advisable to lubricate the rubber seals. Mineral oils are not recommended for this task as they react aggressively with EPDM rubber.

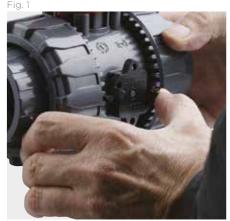


Fig. 2



Fig. 3



# INSTALLATION

- Before proceeding with installation. please follow these instructions carefully:
- Check that the pipes to be connected to the valve are aligned in order to avoid mechanical stress on the threaded joints.
- Check that the DUAL BLOCK<sup>®</sup> union nut locking device (16) is fitted to the valve body.
- To release the union nuts (13), axially press the release lever to separate the lock and then unscrew it in the counter-clockwise direction.
- 4) Unscrew the union nuts (13) and insert them on the pipe segments.
- 5) Solvent weld or screw the end connectors (12) onto the pipe ends.
- 6) Position the valve between the pipe end connectors making sure that the direction of flow is the same as shown on the plate (Fig.4). Hand tighten the union nuts in the clockwise direction. Do not use a wrench or other tools which might damage the surface.
- 7) Lock the union nuts by returning the DUAL BLOCK® to its housing, pressing on it until the hinges lock on the nuts.



8) If necessary, support the pipework with FIP pipe clips or by means of the carrier built into the valve itself (see paragraph "fastening and supporting").

Seals can be adjusted using the removable insert on the handle.

The seals can be adjusted later with the valve installed on the pipe by simply tightening the union nuts. This "micro adjustment", only possible with FIP valves thanks to the patented "Seat stop system", allows the seal to be recovered where PTFE ball seats are worn due to a high number of operations.

The Easytorque kit can also be used for micro adjustments (fig. 5).



Fig. 5

### 

- Always avoid sudden closing operations and protect the valve from accidental operations.







TAXBUTT'

Ball check valve

# SR DN 15÷50

The SR check valve allows the passage of fluid in a single direction.

### **BALL CHECK VALVE**

- Connection system for weld joints
- **PN16 valve body made for PVDF injection moulding** and European Directive 97/23/EC compliant for PED pressurised equipment. ISO 9393 compliant test requirements
- The valve can only be used with fluids with specific weight under 1,78 g/cm<sup>3</sup>.
- Sealing system with antiblow out design
- Ball completely in PVDF
- Can be maintained with the valve body installed
- Can be **installed** in either **a vertical** (preferable) or **horizontal position**

<b>Technical specifications</b>	
Construction	Ball check valve
Size range	DN 15÷50
Nominal pressure	PN 16 with water at 20° C
Temperature range	-40 °C ÷ 140 °C
Coupling standards	Welding: EN ISO 10931. Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 16137, EN ISO 10931, Test methods and requirements: ISO 9393
	Installation criteria: DVS 2202-1, DVS 2207-15, DVS 2208-1
Valve material	Body: PVDF Ball: PVDF
Seal material	FPM (spare set in EPDM available on request)

# TECHNICAL DATA

### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

For water and non-hazardous fluids with regard to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required (25 years with safety factor).

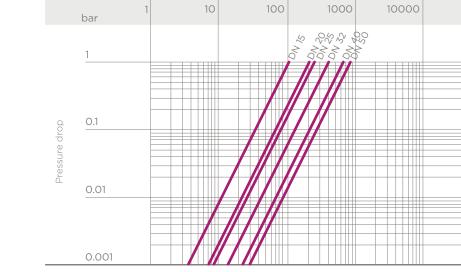
**PRESSURE DROP** 

**GRAPH** 



Working temperature

l/min



Flow rate

### MINIMUM PRESSURE

Minimum sealing pressure (valve in horizontal position)

JRE	DN	15	20	25	32	40	50
valve in	bar	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2

### K<sub>v</sub>100 FLOW COEFFICIENT

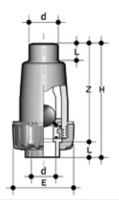
DN	15	20	25	32	40	50
K <sub>v</sub> 100 l/min	110	205	240	410	650	840

The  $K_v 100$  flow coefficient is the Q flow rate of litres per minute of water at a temperature of 20°C that will generate  $\Delta p=1$  bar pressure drop at a certain valve position.

The  $K_v$ 100 values shown in the table are calculated with the value completely open.

The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

## DIMENSIONS

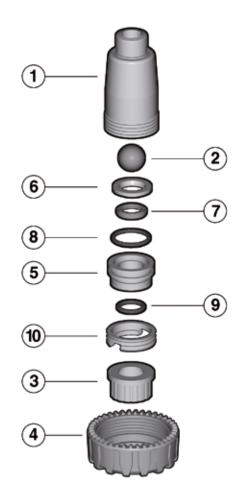


### SRIF

Ball check valve with ends for socket welding, metric series

d	DN	PN	E	Н	L	Z	g	Code
20	15	16	54	104	16	88	150	SRIF020F
25	20	16	65	125	19	106	260	SRIF025F
32	25	16	74	148	22	126	390	SRIF032F
40	32	16	86	171	26	145	600	SRIF040F
50	40	16	98	189	31	158	820	SRIF050F
63	50	16	119	222	38	184	1420	SRIF063F

### COMPONENTS EXPLODED VIEW



- 1 · Body (PVDF 1)
- 2 · Ball (PVDF 1)\*
- 3 · End connector (PVDF 1)\*
- **4** · Union nut (PVDF 1)<sup>∗</sup>
- 5 · Carrier (PVDF 1)
- 6 · Gland packing ring (PVDF - 1)
- **7** ⋅ Ball seat (FPM 1)\*
- 8 Radial seal O-Ring (FPM - 1)\*
- 9 · Socket seal O-ring (FPM 1)\*

\* Spare parts The material of the component and the quantity supplied are indicated between brackets

#### DISASSEMBLY

- 1) Isolate the valve from the flow.
- 2) Unscrew the union nut (4).
- Unscrew the carrier (5) using the VKD valve handle insert supplied; remove the gland packaging ring (6) to access the ball seat (7).
- 4) Remove the ball (2) from inside the body (1).

### ASSEMBLY

- 1) Insert the ball (2) in the body (1).
- 2) Place the O-rings (9) and (8) in the carrier housings (5).
- 3) Place the seal (7) between the carrier(5) and the gland packing ring (6).
- Screw the carrier (5) into the body (1) to limit stop, using the VKD valve handle insert supplied.
- 5) Insert the stub (3) and screw the union nut (4) making sure that the socket seal O-ring (9) does not exit its seat.

Note: maintenance operations can be carried out with the valve body installed. During assembly, it is advisable to lubricate the rubber seals. Mineral oils are not recommended for this task as they react aggressively with EPDM rubber.

### INSTALLATION

- 1) The SR check valve can be installed on vertical or horizontal axis pipes.
- Install the valve such that the arrow on the body indicates the direction of fluid flow.



600





Butterfly valve

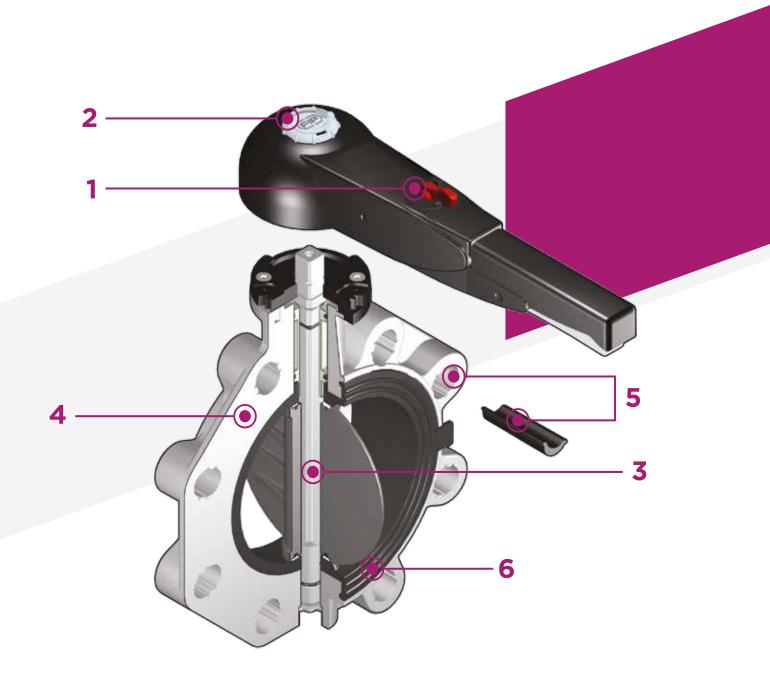
# FK **DN 40÷400**

The FK is a butterfly valve for shutting off or regulating flow, with structural characteristics that make it ideal for industrial applications requiring high performance and long-term reliability. This valve is also equipped with the customisable Labelling System.

### **BUTTERFLY VALVE**

- Interchangeable Disk in PVDF with through shaft, available in different thermoplastic materials: PVC-U, PP-H, PVC-C, ABS
- Overall dimensions of the valve in accordance with standard ISO 5752 (DN 40÷200 Medium Series 25, DN 250÷ 300 Long Series 16) and DIN 3202 K2 and ISO 5752 (DN 65÷200 K2, DN 250÷300 K3)
- Can also be installed as an end line valve, bottom discharge valve or tank dump valve
- Special Lug version PN 10 fully drilled according to DIN 2501 or ANSI B16.5 cl.150 with molded-in AISI 316 stainless steel threaded inserts
- Possibility of installing a manual reducer or pneumatic and/or electric actuators by applying an ISO standard drilling PP-GR flanges. DN 40 ÷ 200 valve equipped with plate with rack in PP-GR. For actuated versions with flange drilled according to ISO 5211 F05, F07, F10. DN 250÷300 valve, fitted with one-piece top flange in high mechanical strength PP-GR with mounting flange for internal components drilled according to standard ISO 5211 F10 (excluding DN 350÷400), F12, F14.

Technical specifications	
Construction	Bi-directional centric butterfly valve
Size range	DN 40÷400
Nominal pressure	Wafer version         DN 40÷50: PN 16 with water at 20° C         DN 65÷250: PN 10 with water at 20° C         DN 300: PN 8 with water at 20° C         DN 350: PN 7 with water at 20° C         DN 400: PN 6 with water at 20° C         Lug version         DN 65÷200: PN 10 with water at 20° C         DN 250÷300: PN 6 with water at 20° C
Temperature range	0 °C ÷ 100 °C
Coupling standards	Flanging system: EN ISO 10931, DIN 2501, ISO 7005-1, EN 1092-1, ASTM B16.5 CI.150
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 16136, EN ISO 10931,
	Test methods and requirements: ISO 9393
	Actuator couplings: ISO 5211
Valve material	Body: PP-GR Disk: PVDF Stem: STAINLESS steel AISI 316
Seal material	Liner: FPM. On request EPDM or NBR
Control options	Manual control (DN 40÷200); Gearbox, pneumatic actuator, electric actuator



- 1 Ergonomic handle in HIPVC equipped with locking and unlocking device, release, quick operation and graduated adjustment in 10 intermediate positions (DN 40÷200). The operating range, starting from the first few degrees of valve opening, also guarantees extremely low pressure drops
- 2 Customisable Labelling System: integrated module in the handle, made of a transparent protection plug and a customisable tag holder using the LSE set (available as an accessory). The customisation lets you identify the valve on the system according to specific needs
- STAINLESS steel square section stem completely isolated form the fluid complying with standard ISO 5211: DN 40÷65: 11 mm DN 80÷100: 14 mm DN 125÷150: 17 mm DN 200: 22 mm DN 250÷400: 27 mm
- 4 Body in polypropylene based compound reinforced with fibreglass (PP-GR) resistant to UV rays and characterised by high mechanical strength.
- **5 Drilling pattern using oval slots** that allow coupling to flanges according to numerous international standards. The

special **self-centring inserts in ABS** supplied for DN 40÷200 guarantee the **correct axial** alignment of the valve during installation.

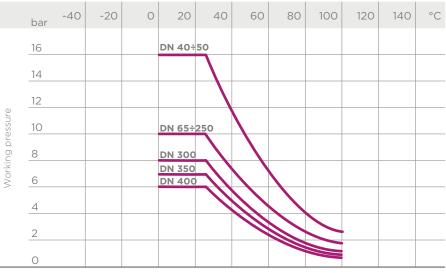
For DN 250÷400 valves, the drilling pattern for the selfcentring system is of the traditional type according to DIN and ANSI standards

6 Interchangeable liner with the dual function of forming a hydraulic seal and isolating the body from the fluid

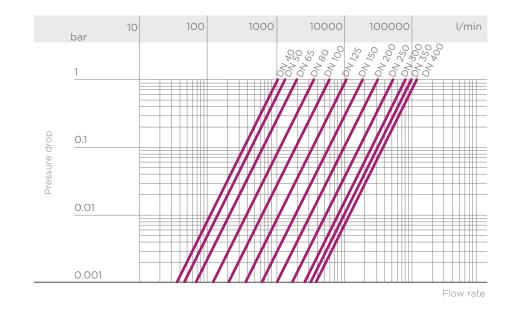
# TECHNICAL DATA

### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

For water and harmless fluids to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required (25 years with safety factor).



Working temperature



### PRESSURE DROP GRAPH

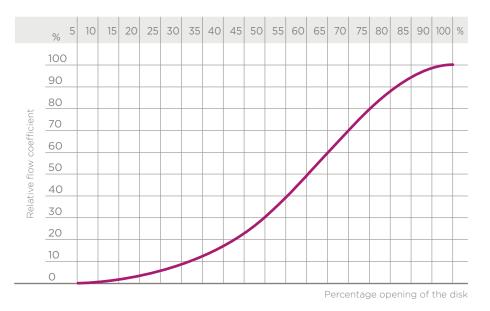
### K<sub>v</sub>100 FLOW COEFFICIENT

The  $K_v$ 100 flow coefficient is the Q flow of litres per minute of water at a temperature of 20°C that will generate  $\Delta p$ = 1 bar pressure drop at a certain valve position.

The  $K_v$ 100 values shown in the table are calculated with the value completely open.

DN	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300	350	400
K <sub>v</sub> 100 l/min	1000	1285	1700	3550	5900	9850	18700	30500	53200	81600	94100	124900

### RELATIVE FLOW COEFFICIENT GRAPH

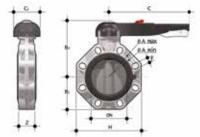


### OPERATING TORQUE AT MAXIMUM WORKING PRESSURE

	Nm	40	50	65	80	100	125	150	200	250	300	350	400	DN
	650													
	600													
	550													
	500													
ЗUЕ	450													
OPERATING TORQUE	400													
	350													
Ž.	300													
RA	250													
OPI	200													
	150													
	100													
	50													
	0													

The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

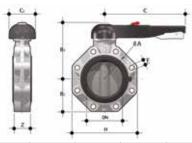
### DIMENSIONS



### **FKOF/LM** Hand operated Butterfly valve

d - Size	DN	PN	A min	A max	$B_2$	B3	С	C <sub>1</sub>	Н	U	Z	g	Code
50 - 1" 1/2	40	16	99	109	60	137	175	100	132	4	33	1000	FKOFLM050F
63 - 2"	50	16	115	125.5	70	143	175	100	147	4	43	1180	FKOFLM063F
75 - 2" 1/2	65	10	128	144	80	164	175	110	165	4	46	1570	FKOFLM075F
90 - 3"	80	10	145	160	93	178	175	100	185	8	49	2020	FKOFLM090F
110 - 4"	100	10	165	190	107	192	272	110	211	8	56	2370	FKOFLM110F
140 - 5"	125	10	204	215	120	212	330	110	240	8	64	3300	FKOFLM140F
160 - 6"	150	10	230	242	134	225	330	110	268	8	70	4100	FKOFLM160F
225 - 8"	200	10	280	298	161	272	420	122	323	8	71	7050	FKOFLM225F

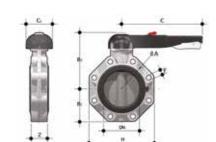
Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8"



### **FKOF/LM LUG ISO-DIN** Hand operated butterfly valve, version Lug ISO-DIN

d	DN	PN	øA	B <sub>2</sub>	B3	С	C <sub>1</sub>	f	Н	U	Z	g	Code
75	65	10	145	80	164	175	110	M16	165	4	46	1970	FKOLFLM075F
90	80	10	160	93	178	175	100	M16	185	8	49	2820	FKOLFLM090F
110	100	10	180	107	192	272	110	M16	211	8	56	3170	FKOLFLM110F
140	125	10	210	120	212	330	110	M16	240	8	64	4900	FKOLFLM140F
160	150	10	240	134	225	330	110	M20	268	8	70	5700	FKOLFLM160F
225	200	10	295	161	272	420	122	M20	323	8	71	8650	FKOLFLM225F

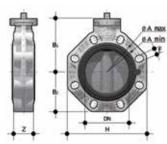
Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8"



### **FKOF/LM LUG ANSI** Hand operated Butterfly valve, version Lug ANSI

d	DN	PN	øA	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	С	C <sub>1</sub>	f	Н	U	Z	g	Code
2" 1/2	65	10	139.7	119	80	175	110	5/8"	165	4	46	1970	FKOALFLM212F
3"	80	10	152.4	133	93	175	100	5/8"	185	8	49	2820	FKOALFLM300F
4"	100	10	190.5	147	107	272	110	5/8"	211	8	56	3170	FKOALFLM400F
5"	125	10	215.9	167	120	330	110	3/4"	240	8	64	4900	FKOALFLM500F
6"	150	10	241.3	180	134	330	110	3/4"	268	8	70	5700	FKOALFLM600F
8"	200	10	298.4	227	161	420	122	3/4"	323	8	71	8650	FKOALFLM800F

Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8"

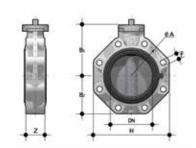


### **FKOF/FM**

Butterfly valve with bare shaft

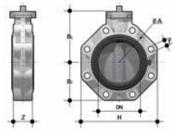
d - Size	DN	PN	øA	A min	A max	B1	$B_2$	f	Н	U	Z	g	Code
50 - 1" 1/2	40	16	-	99	109	106	60	19	132	4	33	674	FKOFFM050F
63 - 2"	50	16	-	115	125.5	112	70	19	147	4	43	854	FKOFFM063F
75 - 2" 1/2	65	10	-	128	144	119	80	19	165	4	46	1100	FKOFFM075F
90 - 3"	80	10	-	145	160	133	93	19	185	8	49	1550	FKOFFM090F
110 - 4"	100	10	-	165	190	147	107	19	211	8	56	1900	FKOFFM110F
140 - 5"	125	10	-	204	215	167	120	23	240	8	64	2750	FKOFFM140F
160 - 6"	150	10	-	230	242	180	134	23	268	8	70	3550	FKOFFM160F
225 - 8"	200	10	-	280	298	227	161	23	323	8	71	6300	FKOFFM225F
250	*250	10	350	-	-	248	210	22	405	12	114	13000	FKOFFM280F
280	*250	10	350	-	-	248	210	22	405	12	114	13000	FKOFFM280F
315	*300	8	400	-	-	305	245	22	475	12	114	21000	FKOFFM315F
***355	350	7	-	-	460	330	280	22	530	16	129	28395	FKOFFM355F
***400	400	6	-	-	515	350	306	26	594	16	169	37295	FKOFFM400F
10"	**250	10	362	-	-	248	210	25.4	405	12	114	13000	FKOAFFM810F
12"	**300	8	432	-	-	305	245	25.4	475	12	114	21000	FKOAFFM812F
****14"	350	7	-	-	476	330	280	28.5	530	12	129	28395	FKOAFFM814F
****16"	400	6	-	-	540	350	306	28.5	594	16	169	37295	FKOAFFM816F

Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8" \*ISO-DIN \*\*ANSI B.16.5 150



# **FKOF/FM LUG ISO-DIN** Bare shaft Butterfly valve, version Lug ISO-DIN

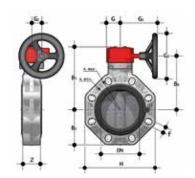
d	DN	PN	øA	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	f	Н	U	Z	g	Code		
75	65	10	145	119	80	M16	165	4	46	1500	FKOLFFM075F		
90	80	10	160	133	93	M16	185	8	49	2350	FKOLFFM090F		
110	100	10	180	147	107	M16	211	8	56	2700	FKOLFFM110F		
140	125	10	210	167	120	M16	240	8	64	4350	FKOLFFM140F		
160	150	10	240	180	134	M20	268	8	70	5150	FKOLFFM160F		
225	200	10	295	227	161	M20	323	8	71	7900	FKOLFFM225F		
	Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8"												



### **FKOF/FM LUG ANSI** Bare shaft Butterfly valve, version Lug ANSI

d	DN	PN	øA	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	f	Н	U	Z	g	Code
2" 1/2	65	10	139.7	119	80	5/8"	165	4	46	1500	FKOALFFM212F
3"	80	10	152.4	133	93	5/8"	185	8	49	2350	FKOALFFM300F
4"	100	10	190.5	147	107	5/8"	211	8	56	2700	FKOALFFM400F
5"	125	10	215.9	167	120	3/4"	240	8	64	4350	FKOALFFM500F
6"	150	10	241.3	180	134	3/4"	268	8	70	5150	FKOALFFM600F
8"	200	10	298.4	227	161	3/4"	323	8	71	7900	FKOALFFM800F
10"	250	6	362	248	210	7/8"	405	12	114	17800	FKOALFFM810F
12"	300	6	431.8	305	245	7/8"	475	12	114	25800	FKOALFFM812F

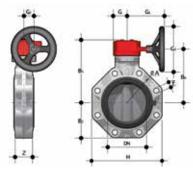
Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8"



FKOF/RM Gearbox operated Butterfly valve

d - Size	DN	PN	A min	A max	øA	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>	G	G <sub>1</sub>	$G_2$	G3	Н	U	Z	g	Code
75 - 2" 1/2	65	10	128	144	-	80	174	146	48	135	39	125	165	4	46	2500	FKOFRM075F
90 - 3"	80	10	145	160	-	93	188	160	48	135	39	125	185	8	49	3050	FKOFRM090F
110 - 4"	100	10	165	190	-	107	202	174	48	135	39	125	211	8	56	3300	FKOFRM110F
140 - 5"	125	10	204	215	-	120	222	194	48	144	39	200	240	8	64	4650	FKOFRM140F
160 - 6"	150	10	230	242	-	134	235	207	48	144	39	200	268	8	70	5450	FKOFRM160F
225 - 8"	200	10	280	298	-	161	287	256	65	204	60	200	323	8	71	9600	FKOFRM225F
*280	250	10	-	-	350	210	317	281	88	236	76	250	405	12	114	19600	FKOFRM250F
*315	250	10	-	-	350	210	317	281	88	236	76	250	405	12	114	19600	FKOFRM280F
***355	350	7	-	-	460	280	438	390	88	361	80	300	530	16	129	36845	FKOFRM355F
***400	400	6	-	-	515	306	438	390	88	361	80	300	594	16	169	45745	FKOFRM400F
**10"	300	8	-	-	400	245	374	338	88	236	76	250	475	12	114	27600	FKOFRM315F
**12"	250	10	-	-	362	210	317	281	88	236	76	250	405	12	114	19600	FKOAFRM810F
**12"	300	8	-	-	432	245	374	338	88	236	76	250	475	12	114	27600	FKOAFRM812F

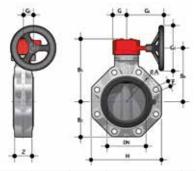
Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8" \* ISO-DIN \*\* ANSI B16.5 cl.150



### **FKOF/RM LUG ISO-DIN** Gearbox operated Butterfly valve, version Lug ISO-DIN

d	DN	PN	øA	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	$B_6$	f	G	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>	Н	U	Z	g	Code
75	65	10	145	80	174	146	M16	48	135	39	125	165	4	46	2900	FKOLFRM075F
90	80	10	160	93	188	160	M16	48	135	39	125	185	8	49	3750	FKOLFRM090F
110	100	10	180	107	202	174	M16	48	135	39	125	211	8	56	4100	FKOLFRM110F
140	125	10	210	120	222	194	M16	48	144	39	200	240	8	64	6250	FKOLFRM140F
160	150	10	240	134	235	207	M20	48	144	39	200	268	8	70	7050	FKOLFRM160F
225	200	10	295	161	287	256	M20	65	204	60	200	323	8	71	11200	FKOLFRM225F

Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8"



### **FKOF/RM LUG ANSI** Gearbox operated Butterfly valve, version Lug ANSI

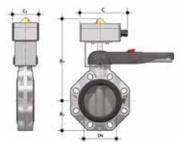
d	DN	PN	øA	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>6</sub>	f	G	G <sub>1</sub>	G <sub>2</sub>	G₃	Н	U	Z	g	Code
2" 1/2	65	10	139.7	80	174	146	5/8"	48	135	39	125	165	4	46	2900	FKOALFRM212F
3"	80	10	152.4	93	188	160	5/8"	48	135	39	125	185	8	49	3750	FKOALFRM300F
4"	100	10	190.5	107	202	174	5/8"	48	135	39	125	211	8	56	4100	FKOALFRM400F
5"	125	10	215.9	120	222	194	3/4"	48	144	39	200	240	8	64	6250	FKOALFRM500F
6"	150	10	241.3	134	235	207	3/4"	48	144	39	200	268	8	70	7050	FKOALFRM600F
8"	200	10	298.4	161	287	256	3/4"	65	204	60	200	323	8	71	11200	FKOALFRM800F
10"	250	6	362	210	317	281	7/8"	88	236	76	250	405	12	114	24400	FKOALFRM810F
12"	300	6	431.8	245	374	338	7/8"	88	236	76	250	475	12	114	32450	FKOALFRM812F

Note: NBR liners are available for d75÷225 and 2" 1/2÷8"

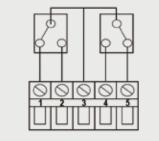
# ACCESSORIES

### FK MS

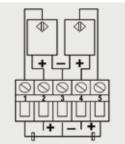
The MS kit lets you install a limit switch with electromechanical or inductive micro switches on a manual FK/LM valve to remotely signal the valve position (open-closed). The kit can be assembled on the valve even if already installed on the system.

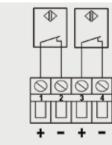


DN	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	Protection rate	Code electromechan- ical	Code inductive	Code Namur
40	60	248	80	IP67	FKMSOM	FKMSOI	FKMSON
50	70	254	80	IP67	FKMSOM	FKMSOI	FKMSON
65	80	261	80	IP67	FKMSOM	FKMSOI	FKMSON
80	93	275	80	IP67	FKMS1M	FKMS11	FKMS1N
100	107	289	80	IP67	FKMS1M	FKMS1I	FKMS1N
125	120	309	80	IP67	FKMS1M	FKMS1I	FKMS1N
150	134	322	80	IP67	FKMS1M	FKMS1I	FKMS1N
200	161	369	80	IP67	FKMS2M	FKMS2I	FKMS2N



Electromechanical





Inductive

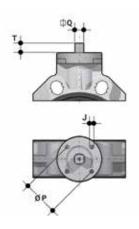
Namur



#### LSE

Customisation set and label printing for Easyfit handle made up of precut adhesive sheets and software for guided label creation.

DN	Code
40	LSE040
50	LSE040
65	LSE040
80	LSE040
100	LSE040
125	LSE040
150	LSE040
200	LSE040



### **Actuator mounting flange**

The valve can be equipped with standard pneumatic or electric actuators and gearbox for heavy-duty operations, using a flange in PP-GR reproducing the drilling pattern provided for by standard ISO 5211.

DN	J	Р	Ø	Т	Q
40	7	50	F 05	12	11
50	7	50	F 05	12	11
65	7/9	50/70	F 05/F 07	12	11
80	9	70	F 07	16	14
100	9	70	F 07	16	14
125	9	70	F 07	19	17
150	9	70	F 07	19	17
200	11	102	F 10	24	22
200	11	102	F 10	24	22
250	11/13/17	102/125/140	F 10/F 12/F 14	29	27
300	11/13/17	102/125/140	F 10/F 12/F 14	29	27
350	14/18	125/140	F 12/F 14	29	27
400	14/18	125/140	F 12/F 14	29	27

### CUSTOMISATION

The FK valve is equipped with the customisable Labelling System.

This system lets you create special labels to insert in the handle. This makes it extremely easy to apply company logos, identification serial numbers or service indications such as, for example, the valve function in the system, the transported fluid, but also specific information for customer service, such as the customer name or installation date or location on the valves.

The specific LCE module is a standard supply and is made up of a rigid transparent water-resistant PVC plug (A-C) and white tag holder (B) made of the same material, one side of which bears the FIP logo (fig. 1).

The tag holder, inserted in the plug, can be removed and, once overturned, used for customisation by applying labels printed with the software supplied with the LSE set.

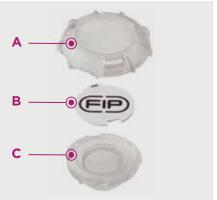
Proceed as follows to apply the label on the valve:

- 1) Remove the upper part of the transparent plug (A) rotating it counter-clockwise as indicated by the word "Open" on the plug and remove it.
- 2) Extract the tag holder from its housing on the lower part of the plug (C)
- 3) Apply the adhesive label on the holder (B) to align the profiles matching the tab position.
- 4) Reinsert the tag holder in its housing at the bottom of the plug.
- 5) Reposition the top of the plug in the housing rotating it clockwise; this way the label is protected against the elements.

Fig. 1

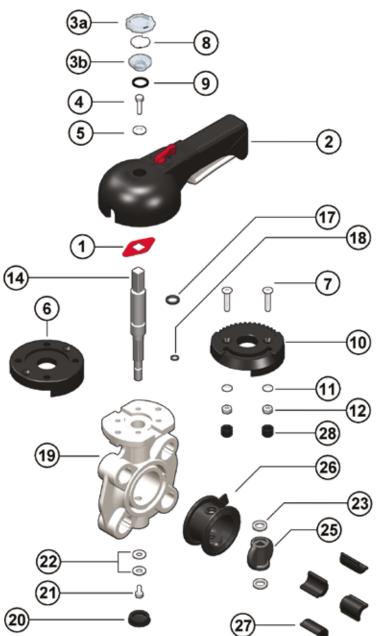






# COMPONENTS

### **EXPLODED VIEW DN 40÷50**

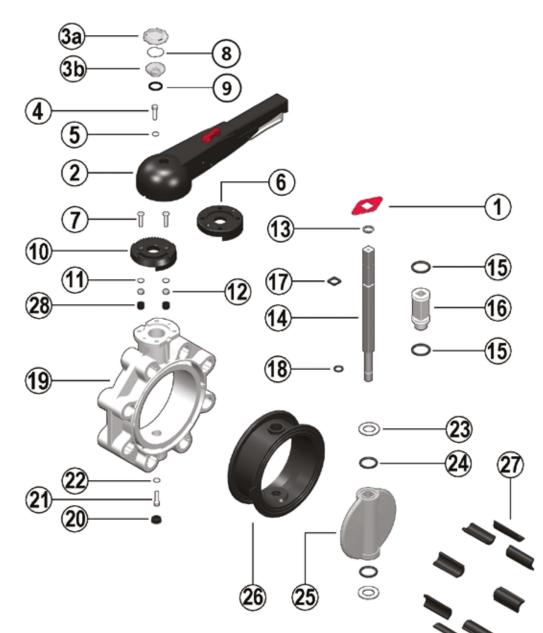


- **1** Position indicator (PA 1)
- 2 · Handle (HIPVC 1)
- **3 a/b** · Transparent protection plug (PVC 1)
- Fastening screw (STAINLESS steel - 1)
- 5 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- 6 · Flange (PP-GR 1)
- 7 · Screw (STAINLESS Steel 2)
- 8 Tag holder (PVC-U - 1)

- 9 · O-Ring (NBR 1)
- **10** Plate (PP-GR 1)
- 11 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 2)
- 12 · Nut (STAINLESS Steel 2)
- 13 · Seeger ring (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- 14 · Stem (STAINLESS steel 316 1)
- 15 · Bush O-Ring (FPM 2)
- 16 · Bush (Nylon 1)
- **17** · Stem O-Ring (FPM 1)
- **18** · Stem O-Ring (FPM 1)
- **19** · Body (PP-GR 1)

- **20** · Protection plug (PE 1)
- 21 · Screw (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- 22 · Washer (STAINLESS steel 1)
- **23** · Anti-friction ring (PTFE 2)
- **24** · Disk O-Ring (FPM 2)
- 25 · Disk (PVDF 1)
- **26** · Liner (FPM 1)
- 27 · Inserts (ABS 4-8)
- 28 · Plug (PE 2)

#### **EXPLODED VIEW DN 65÷200**

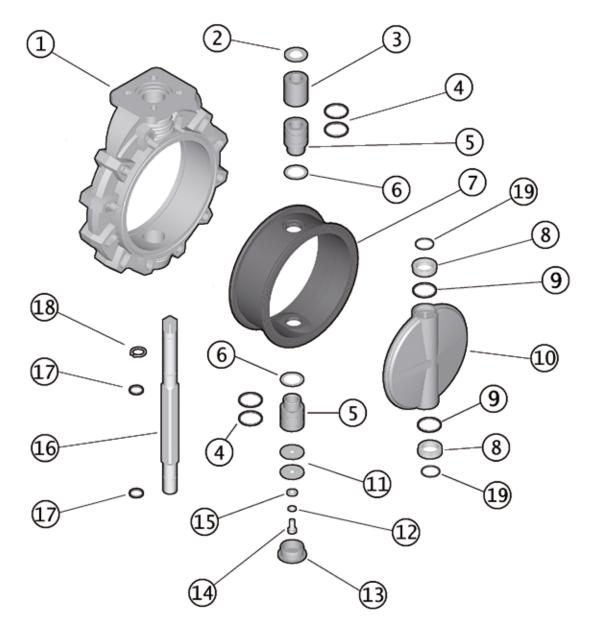


- 1 · Position indicator (PA 1)
- 2 · Handle (HIPVC 1)
- **3 a/b** · Transparent protection plug (PVC 1)
- 4 · Fastening screw (STAINLESS steel - 1)
- 5 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- 6 · Flange (PP-GR 1)
- 7 · Screw (STAINLESS Steel 2)
- 8 · Tag holder (PVC-U - 1)

- 9 · O-Ring (NBR 1)
- **10** Plate (PP-GR 1)
- 11 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 2)
- 12 · Nut (STAINLESS Steel 2)
- 13 · Seeger ring (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- 14 · Stem (STAINLESS steel 316 1)
- 15 · Bush O-Ring (FPM 2)
- **16** · Bush (Nylon 1)
- 17 · Stem O-Ring (FPM 1)
- 18 · Stem O-Ring (FPM 1)

- **19** · Body (PP-GR 1)
- 20 · Protection plug (PE 1)
- 21 · Screw (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- $\mathbf{22} \cdot \text{Washer} (\text{STAINLESS steel} 1)$
- **23** · Anti-friction ring (PTFE 2)
- **24** · Disk O-Ring (FPM 2)
- **25** · Disk (PVDF 1)
- **26** · Liner (FPM 1)
- 27 · Inserts (ABS 4-8)
- **28** · Plug (PE 2)

### **EXPLODED VIEW DN 250÷300**



- **1** ⋅ Body (PP-GR 1)
- 2 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- **3** Bush (PP 1)
- **4** · Bush O-Ring (FPM 4)
- 5 · Bush (PP 2)
- 6 · Washer (PTFE 2)
- **7** · Liner (FPM 1)
- **8** · Anti-friction ring (PTFE 2)
- 9 · Disk O-Ring (FPM 2)

- **10** · Disk (PVDF 1)
- 11 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 2)
- 12 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- **13** · Protection plug (PE 1)
- 14 · Screw (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- 15 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- 16 · Stem (STAINLESS steel 316 1)
- 17 · Stem O-Ring (FPM 2)
- 18 · Seeger ring (STAINLESS steel - 1)
  19 · O-Ring (FPM - 2)

#### **EXPLODED VIEW DN 350÷400**



- **1** Body (PP-GR 1)
- 2 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- **3** · Bush (PP-H 1)
- 4 · Bush O-Ring (EPDM or FPM 6)
- 5 · Bush (PP-H 1)
- 6 · Washer (PP-H 2)
- **7** · Liner (FPM 1)
- **8** · Anti-friction ring (PTFE 2)
- 9 · Disk O-Ring (FPM 2)

- **10** · Disk (PVDF 1)
- 11 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- 12 · Washer (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- **13** · Protection plug (PE 1)
- 14 · Screw (STAINLESS Steel 1)
- **16** · Stem (STAINLESS steel 316 1)
- 17 · Stem O-Ring (FPM 2)
- 18 · Seeger ring

- (STAINLESS steel 1)
- 20 · Gearbox
- (Al, Steel 1)
- 21 · Pin (STAINLESS steel 2)
- 22 · Washer (STAINLESS steel 1)
- 23 · Position indicator (PA 1)

### DISMOUNTING

#### DN 40÷200

- Remove the LCE module consisting of the rigid transparent PVC plug (3a-3b) and white tag holder (8) and remove screw (2) and washer (3) (fig.3).
- 2) Remove the handle (2).
- Remove the screws (7) and plate (10) from the body (19).
- 4) Remove the protection plug (20) and screw (21) with the washer (22).
- 5) Extract the stem (14) and disk (25).
- Remove the anti-friction rings (23) and (DN 65÷200 only) O-Rings (24).
- 7) Remove the liner (26) from the body (19).
- Remove the Seeger ring (13) and (DN 65÷200 only) guide bush (16).
- 9) Remove (DN 65÷200 only) the O-Rings (15) and (17, 18).

#### DN 250÷300

- Remove the protection plug (13) and screw (14) with the washers (11-15).
- 2) Extract the stem (16) and disk (10).
- Remove the seal (7) from the body (1).
- 4) Remove the Seeger ring (18) and guide bushes (5-3) with washer (2).
- 5) Extract the lower bush (5).
- 6) Remove O-Rings (4) and (17).

#### DN 350÷400

- Remove the position indicator (23) from the stem (16)
- Remove the protection plug (13) from the body (1)
- 3) Remove the screw (14) and the washers (11) and (22)
- Extract the stem unit (16) from the disk
- 5) Extract the lower bush unit (5) from the lower part of the body (1)
- 6) Remove the disk unit (10) from the body (1)

### ASSEMBLY

#### DN 40÷200

- 1) Place the liner (26) on the body (19).
- 2) Insert the O-Rings (17) and (18) on the stem (14).
- Insert the O-Rings (15) on the guide bush (16) and the bush on the stem. Lock the bush using the Seeger ring (13).
- Position the O-Rings (24) and then the anti-friction rings (23) on the disk (25) and the disk inside the body, after having lubricated the liner (26).
- 5) Insert the through stem (14) in the body (19) and disk (25).
- 6) Tighten screw (21) with washer (22) and insert the protection plug (20).
- Position the plate (10) on the body (19) and tighten screws (7).
- Position the handle (2) on the stem (14).
- Tighten screw (4) with washer
   (5) and replace the LCE module consisting of the rigid transparent PVC plug (3a-3b) and white tag holder (8).

#### DN 250÷300

- 1) Place the liner (7) on the body (1).
- Insert the O-Rings (4) and washer (6) on bushes (5).
- Insert the O-Rings (17) on the stem (16); insert the upper bush (5), bush (3), washer (2) on the stem and fix them with Seeger ring (18).
- 4) Insert the seals (19-9) on the antifriction rings (8).
- Position the washers (8) in the housings on the disk (10), and the disk inside the body (1) after having lubricated the liner (7).
- 6) Insert the through stem (16) in the body and disk.
- 7) Position the lower bush (5) from below.
- Tighten screws (14) with washers (11-15) and insert the protection plug (13).

#### DN 350÷400

- Insert the lower bush (5) complete with O-rings (4) on the body (1), subsequently inserting the gland packing washer (6) between the bush and the body.
- Insert the second gland packing washer (6) on the liner (7) and fit these inside the body (1)
- Insert the O-rings (9) and anti-friction rings (8) on the disks (10)
- 4) Lubricate the disk (10) and insert it

into the liner (7)

- 5) Insert the upper bush complete with O-rings (3 + 4) on the stem (16) joined to the O-rings (17); insert the washer (2) above the upper bush (3) and insert Seeger ring (18) in the appropriate housing on the stem (16). Insert this unit in the body's upper hole (1)
- Overlap washer (22) on washer (11) equipped with pins (21), and insert this unit on the lower part of the stem (16), fastening it with screw (14) and locking washer (12)
- 7) Insert the protection plug (13) on the body (1)
- Insert the position indicator (23) on the upper part of the stem (16)

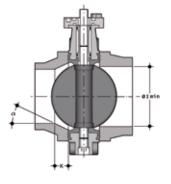


**Note:** during assembly operations, it is advisable to lubricate the rubber seals. Mineral oils are not recommended for this task as they react aggressively with EPDM rubber.



# INSTALLATION

### JOINTS



Before proceeding with the installation of the stubs, check that the bore of the fittings has sufficient clearance to allow the valve disk to open correctly.

Also check the maximum coupling distance for the liner. Before proceeding with the installation of the FK valve, check that the bore of the stub allows the correct opening of the disk.

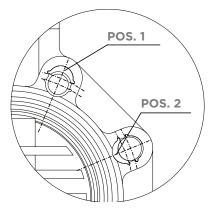
DN	l min.
40	25
50	28
65	47
80	64
100	84
125	108
150	134
200	187
250	225
300	280
350	324
400	362

For the installation of PP-PE stubs, for butt welding a short spigot or electrofusion/butt welding a long spigot, check the valve-stub-flange couplings and the K - a chamfer dimensions where necessary according to the different SDR's in the following table.

	d	DN	50 40	63 50	75 65	90 80	110 100	125 100	140 125	160 150	180 150	200 200	225 200	250 250	280 250	315 300	355 350	400 400
	50	40																
	63	50																
	75	65																
FK valve	90	80																
	110	100																
	140	125																
	160	150																
	225	200																
	280	250																
	315	300																
	355	350																
	400	400																
		17/17.6										k=26.5 a=20°		k=15.7 a=25°		k=13.3 a=25°	k=45 a=25°	k=55 a=25°
SDR		11								k=35 a=20°		k=35 a=25°	k=40 a=15°	k=32.5 a=25°	k=35 a=25°	k=34.5 a=25°	k=55 a=25°	k=80 a=25°
		7.4				k=10 a=35°	k=15 a=35°		k=20 a=30°	k=35 a=20°	k=15 a=35°	k=40 a=20°	k=35 a=30°	k=55 a=30°	k=35 a=30°	k=65 a=30°		
		33															k=17 a=30°	k=25 a=35°

Short/long spigot stubs according to EN ISO 15494 and DIN 16962/16963 and flange

### **POSITIONING THE INSERTS**



Place the inserts in the holes according to the positions indicated in the table, from the side corresponding to the letters D and DN in order to facilitate the insertion of the stud-bolts and the coupling with the flanges (DN  $40 \div 200$ ). The self-centring inserts must be inserted in the guides in the slots in the valve body on the side with the writing, with the writing facing upwards, and positioned according to the type of flange drilling, as indicated in the following table:

DN	DIN 2501 PN6, EN 1092-1, BS 4504 PN6, DIN 8063 PN6	DIN 2501 PN10/16, EN 1092-1, BS 4504 PN 10/16, DIN 8063 PN 10/16, EN ISO 15493, EN ISO 1452	BS 10 table A-D-E Spec D-E	BS 1560 cl.150, ANSI B16.5 cl.150 *	JIS B 2220 K5	JIS 2211 K10**
DN 40	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 1	Pos. 1	-
DN 50	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	-	N/A	-
DN 65	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 2
DN 80	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 1
DN 100	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 1
DN 125	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	-
DN 150	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	Pos. 2
DN 200	Pos. 1	PN 10 Pos. 2	Pos. 2	Pos. 2	Pos. 1	N/A

\* DN 50 without inserts \*\* DN 40, 50, 125 without inserts

#### **POSITIONING THE VALVE**

Position the valve between two flanged stubs, taking care to respect the installation tolerances Z. It is advisable to always install the valve with the disk partially closed (it must not exit the body) and avoid any misalignment of the flanges, as this would cause leaks.

Where possible comply with the following requirements:

- Conveying dirty fluids: position the valve with the stem inclined at an angle of 45° to the pipe support plane.

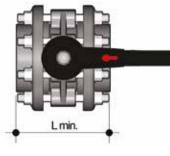
- Conveying fluids with sediment: position the valve with the stem parallel to the pipe support plane.

- Conveying clean fluids: position the valve with the stem perpendicular to the pipe support plane.

### TIGHTENING THE STUD-BOLTS



Before tightening the stud-bolts, it is advisable to open the disk in order to prevent damage to the seal. Tighten the stud-bolts in a uniform manner, in the order indicated in the figure, to the nominal operating torque value indicated in the table. The stud-bolts do not need to be excessively tightened in order to produce a perfect hydraulic seal. Overtightening could adversely affect the operating torque of the valve.



DN	L min.	*Nm
40	M16×150	9
50	M16x150	12
65	M16×170	15
80	M16x180	18
100	M16x180	20
125	M16x210	35
150	M20x240	40
200	M20x260	55
250	M20x310	70
350	M20x360	75
400	M24x420	75

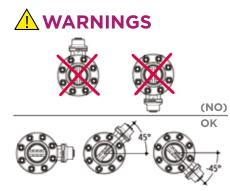
\* Tightening torques for nuts and bolts on couplings with backing rings. Values required to obtain the hydraulic test seal (1.5xPN at 20°C) (new or lubricated nuts and bolts)

#### HANDLE LOCK



Thanks to the multifunctional handle and the red manoeuvre button on the lever, you can perform a 0°-90° operation and a graduated operation by means of the 10 intermediate positions and a stop lock: the handle can be locked in each of the 10 positions by simply pressing the Free-lock button. A lock can also be installed on the handle to protect the system against tampering.

The valve is two-way and can be installed in any position. It can also be installed at end line or tank.



Make sure that the valves installed on the system are suitably supported for their weight.

Always avoid sudden closing manoeuvres and protect the valve from accidental operations. To this end, it is advisable to install a reduction gear, available on request.

In the case of conveying dirty fluids or those with sediments, install the valve inclined as shown in the figure.





DK DN 15÷65 PVDF

DIALOCK<sup>®</sup> 2-way diaphragm valve

# DK DN 15÷65

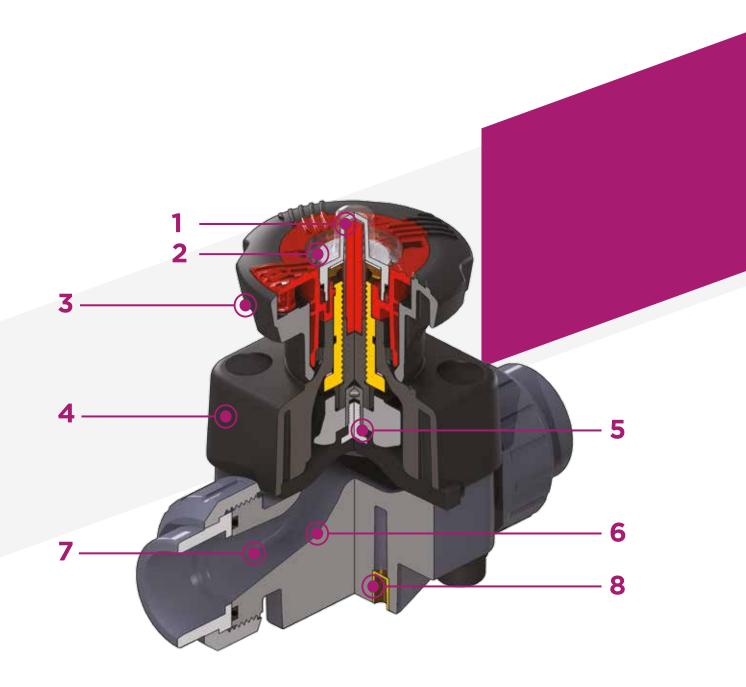
The new DK DIALOCK<sup>®</sup> diaphragm valve is particularly suitable for shutting off and regulating abrasive or dirty fluids. The new internal geometry of the body optimises fluid dynamic efficiency by increasing the flow rate and ensuring an optimum linearity of the flow adjustment curve. The DK is extremely compact and very light. The innovative handwheel is equipped with a patented immediate and ergonomic operating locking device that allows it to be adjusted and locked in any position.



### **DIALOCK® 2-WAY DIAPHRAGM VALVE**

- Connection system for solvent weld, threaded and flanged joints
- **Optimised fluid dynamic design:** maximum output flow rate thanks to the optimised efficiency of the fluid dynamics that characterise the new internal geometry of the body
- Internal components in metal, totally isolated from the fluid and external environment
- **Modularity of the range:** only 2 handwheel and 4 diaphragm and bonnet sizes for 7 different valve sizes
- Non-rising handwheel that stays at the same height during rotation, equipped with a graduated optical indicator protected by a transparent PVC cap with seal O-Ring
- Bonnet fastening screws in stainless steel protected against the external environment by PE plugs. Absence of metal parts exposed to the external environment to prevent any risk of corrosion
  - **CDSA** (Circular Diaphragm Sealing Angle) system that, thanks to the uniform distribution of shutter pressure on the diaphragm seal, offers the following advantages:
  - reduction in the tightening torque of the screws fixing the actuator to the valve body
  - reduced mechanical stress on all valve components (actuator, body and diaphragm)
  - easy to clean valve interior
  - low risk of the accumulation of deposits, contamination or damage to the diaphragm due to crystallisation
  - operating torque reduction

<b>Technical specifications</b>					
Construction	Diaphragm valve with maximized flow rate and DIALOCK <sup>®</sup> lockable handwheel				
Size range	DN 15 ÷ 65				
Nominal pressure	PN 10 with water at 20° C				
Temperature range	-20 °C ÷ 120 °C				
Coupling standards	Welding: EN ISO 10931. Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931				
	Flanging system: ISO 7005-1, EN ISO 10931, EN 558-1, DIN 2501, ANSI B16.5 Cl.150				
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 16138, EN ISO 10931				
	Test methods and requirements: ISO 9393				
	Installation criteria: DVS 2201-1, DVS 2207-15, DVS 2208-1				
Valve material	Body: PVDF Bonnet and handwheel: PP-GR Position indicator cap PVC				
Diaphragm material	EPDM, FPM, PTFE (on request NBR)				
Control options	Manual control; pneumatic actuator				



- 1 High visibility graduated optical position indicator protected by a transparent cap with seal O-Ring
- 2 **Customisation plate**: the customisation lets you identify the valve on the system according to specific needs
- **3 DIALOCK® SYSTEM**: innovative handwheel with a patented immediate and ergonomic operating locking device that allows it **to be adjusted and locked in over 300 positions**
- 4 Handwheel and bonnet in high mechanical strength and chemically resistant **PP-GR**, providing full protection by isolating all internal metal parts from contact with external agents
- **5** Floating pin connection between the control screw and diaphragm to prevent concentrated loads, improve the seal and extend its lifetime
- 6 New design of valve body interior: substantially increased flow coefficient and reduced pressure drop. The degree of efficiency reached has also enabled the size and weight of the valve to be reduced
- 7 Adjustment linearity: the internal profiles of the valve also greatly improve its characteristic curve, resulting in extremely sensitive and precise adjustment along the entire stroke of the shutter.
- 8 Valve anchoring bracket integrated in the body, with threaded metal inserts allowing simple panel or wall mounting using the PMDK mounting plate (supplied as an accessory)

# TECHNICAL DATA

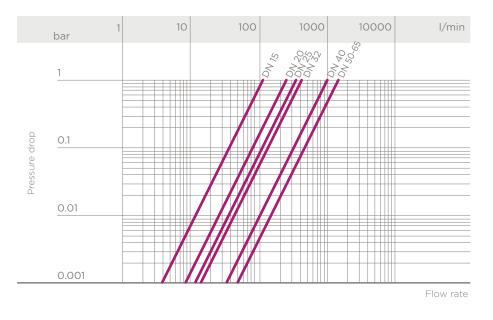
#### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

For water and non-hazardous fluids with regard to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required (25 years with safety factor).



Working temperature

#### PRESSURE DROP GRAPH



K <sub>v</sub> 100	FLOW
COEFF	<b>FICIENT</b>

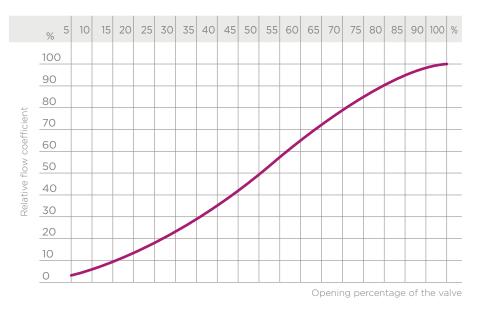
The  $K_v$ 100 flow coefficient is the Q flow rate of litres per minute of water at a temperature of 20°C that will generate  $\Delta p$ = 1 bar pressure drop at a certain valve position.

The  $K_v$ 100 values shown in the table are calculated with the value completely open.

DN	15	20	25	32	40	50	65
K <sub>v</sub> 100 l/min	112	261	445	550	1087	1648	1600

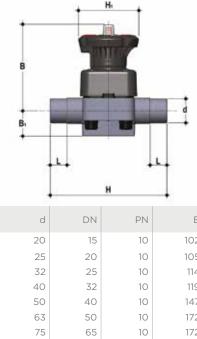
#### RELATIVE FLOW COEFFICIENT GRAPH

The relative flow coefficient refers to the variation in the flow rate as a function of the valve opening stroke.



The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

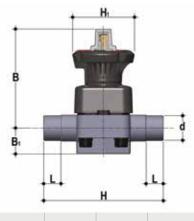
## DIMENSIONS



#### DKDF

DIALOCK® diaphragm valve with male ends for socket welding, metric series

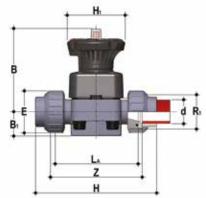
DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
15	10	102	25	124	80	16	497	DKDF020E	DKDF020F	DKDF020P
20	10	105	30	144	80	19	527	DKDF025E	DKDF025F	DKDF025P
25	10	114	33	154	80	22	756	DKDF032E	DKDF032F	DKDF032P
32	10	119	30	174	80	26	817	DKDF040E	DKDF040F	DKDF040P
40	10	147	35	194	120	31	1700	DKDF050E	DKDF050F	DKDF050P
50	10	172	46	224	120	38	2693	DKDF063E	DKDF063F	DKDF063P
65	10	172	46	284	120	44	2871	DKDF075E	DKDF075F	DKDF075P



#### DKLDF

 $\mathsf{DIALOCK}^{\ast}$  diaphragm valve with stroke limiter and male ends for socket welding, metric series

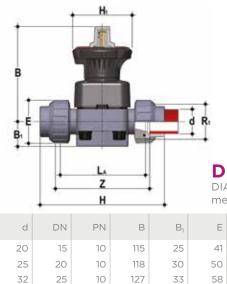
d	DN	PN	В	B1	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
20	15	10	115	25	124	80	16	527	DKLDF020E	DKLDF020F	DKLDF020P
25	20	10	118	30	144	80	19	557	DKLDF025E	DKLDF025F	DKLDF025P
32	25	10	127	33	154	80	22	786	DKLDF032E	DKLDF032F	DKLDF032P
40	32	10	132	30	174	80	26	847	DKLDF040E	DKLDF040F	DKLDF040P
50	40	10	175	35	194	120	31	1760	DKLDF050E	DKLDF050F	DKLDF050P
63	50	10	200	46	224	120	38	2753	DKLDF063E	DKLDF063F	DKLDF063P
75	65	10	200	46	284	120	44	2931	DKLDF075E	DKLDF075F	DKLDF075P



DKU	IF
-----	----

DIALOCK® diaphragm valve with female union ends for socket welding, metric series

d	DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>A</sub>	$R_1$	Z	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
20	15	10	102	25	41	128	80	90	1"	101	551	DKUIF020E	DKUIF020F	DKUIF020P
25	20	10	105	30	50	150	80	108	1" 1/4	119	636	DKUIF025E	DKUIF025F	DKUIF025P
32	25	10	114	33	58	163	80	116	1" 1/2	127	905	DKUIF032E	DKUIF032F	DKUIF032P
40	32	10	119	30	72	184	80	134	2"	145	1077	DKUIF040E	DKUIF040F	DKUIF040P
50	40	10	147	35	79	210	120	154	2" 1/4	165	1989	DKUIF050E	DKUIF050F	DKUIF050P
63	50	10	172	46	98	248	120	184	2" 3/4	195	3235	DKUIF063E	DKUIF063F	DKUIF063P



40

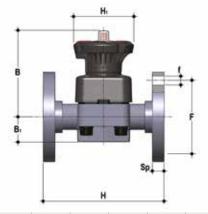
50

63

#### **DKLUIF**

 $\mathsf{DIALOCK}^{\ast}$  diaphragm valve with stroke limiter and female union ends for socket welding, metric series

DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	L <sub>A</sub>	R <sub>1</sub>	Z	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
15	10	115	25	41	128	80	90	1"	101	581	DKLUIF020E	DKLUIF020F	DKLUIF020P
20	10	118	30	50	150	80	108	1" 1/4	119	666	DKLUIF025E	DKLUIF025F	DKLUIF025P
25	10	127	33	58	163	80	116	1" 1/2	127	935	DKLUIF032E	DKLUIF032F	DKLUIF032P
32	10	132	30	72	184	80	134	2"	145	1107	DKLUIF040E	DKLUIF040F	DKLUIF040P
40	10	175	35	79	210	120	154	2" 1/4	165	2049	DKLUIF050E	DKLUIF050F	DKLUIF050P
50	10	200	46	98	248	120	184	2" 3/4	195	3295	DKLUIF063E	DKLUIF063F	DKLUIF063P



#### DKOF

DIALOCK<sup>®</sup> diaphragm valve with fixed flanges, drilled PN10/16. Face to face according to EN 558-1

d	DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	f	F	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	Sp	U	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
20	15	10	102	25	14	65	130	80	13.5	4	810	DKOF020E	DKOF020F	DKOF020P
25	20	10	105	30	14	75	150	80	13.5	4	862	DKOF025E	DKOF025F	DKOF025P
32	25	10	114	33	14	85	160	80	14	4	1141	DKOF032E	DKOF032F	DKOF032P
40	32	10	119	30	18	100	180	80	14	4	1532	DKOF040E	DKOF040F	DKOF040P
50	40	10	147	35	18	110	200	120	16	4	2481	DKOF050E	DKOF050F	DKOF050P
63	50	10	172	46	18	125	230	120	16	4	3690	DKOF063E	DKOF063F	DKOF063P
75	65	10	225	55	18	145	290	120	21	4	4263	DKOF075E	DKOF075F	DKOF075P

DKLOF version available on request



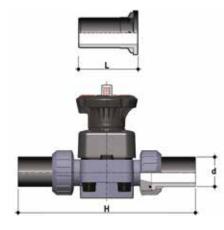
#### DKOAF

DIALOCK® diaphragm valve with fixed flanges, drilled ANSI B16.5 cl. 150 #FF

Size	DN	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	f	F	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	Sp	U	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
1/2"	15	10	102	25	14	60.3	108	80	13.5	4	810	DKOAF012E	DKOAF012F	DKOAF012P
3/4"	20	10	105	30	15.7	69.9	150	80	13.5	4	862	DKOAF034E	DKOAF034F	DKOAF034P
1"	25	10	114	33	15.7	79.4	160	80	14	4	1141	DKOAF100E	DKOAF100F	DKOAF100P
1" 1/4	32	10	119	30	15.7	88.9	180	80	14	4	1532	DKOAF114E	DKOAF114F	DKOAF114P
1" 1/2	40	10	147	35	15.7	98.4	200	120	16	4	2481	DKOAF112E	DKOAF112F	DKOAF112P
2"	50	10	172	46	19	120.7	230	120	16	4	3690	DKOAF200E	DKOAF200F	DKOAF200P
75	65	10	172	46	19	139.7	290	120	21	4	4263	DKOF075E	DKOF075F	DKOF075P

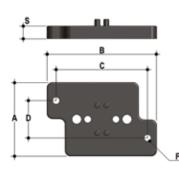
DKLOAF version available on request

# ACCESSORIES



**Q/BBF-L** Long spigot PVDF end connectors for butt welding

d	DN	L	Н	SDR	Code
20	15	95	280	21	QBBFL21020
25	20	95	298	21	QBBFL21025
32	25	95	306	21	QBBFL21032
40	32	95	324	21	QBBFL21040
50	40	95	344	21	QBBFL21050
63	50	95	374	21	QBBFL21063



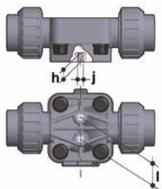
### **PMDK**

Wall mounting plate

d	DN	А	В	С	D	F	S	Code
20	15	65	97	81	33	5.5	11	PMDK1
25	20	65	97	81	33	5.5	11	PMDK1
32	25	65	97	81	33	5.5	11	PMDK1
40	32	65	97	81	33	5.5	11	PMDK2
50	40	65	144	130	33	6.5	11	PMDK2
63	50	65	144	130	33	6.5	11	PMDK2
75	65	65	144	130	33	6.5	11	PMDK2

## FASTENING AND SUPPORTING





All valves, whether manual or actuated, must be adequately supported in many applications.

The DK valve series is therefore provided with an integrated bracket that permits direct anchoring of the valve body without the need of other components.

For wall installation, dedicated PMDK mounting plates which are available as accessories can be used. These plates should be fastened to the valve before wall installation.

The PMDK plate also allows the DK valve to be aligned with FIP ZIKM pipe clips.

d	DN	h	I	j
20	15	10	25	M6
25	20	10	25	M6
32	25	10	25	M6
40	32	10	25	M6
50	40	13	44,5	M8
63	50	13	44,5	M8
75	65	13	44,5	M8

## CUSTOMISATION

The DIALOCK  $^{\rm \otimes}$  DK DN 15÷65 valve can be customised using a customisation plate in white PVC.

The customisation plate (B), housed in the transparent protection cap (A), can be removed and, once overturned, used for indicating identification serial numbers or service indications on the valves such as, for example, the valve function in the system, the conveyed fluid, but also specific information for customer service, such as the customer name or installation date or location on the valves. The waterproof transparent protection cap with seal O-Ring protect the customisation plate against deterioration.

To access the customisation plate, make sure that the handwheel is in the release position and proceed as follows:

- Rotate the transparent protection cap fully anticlockwise (fig. 1) and remove it by pulling upwards. If necessary, insert a screwdriver in slot (C) to make the operation easier (fig. 2).
- 2) Remove the plate from inside the transparent protection cap and customise as required (fig. 3).
- 3) Re-assemble everything making sure that the transparent protection cap O-Ring remains in its seating fig. 4).



Fig. 3



Fig. 1

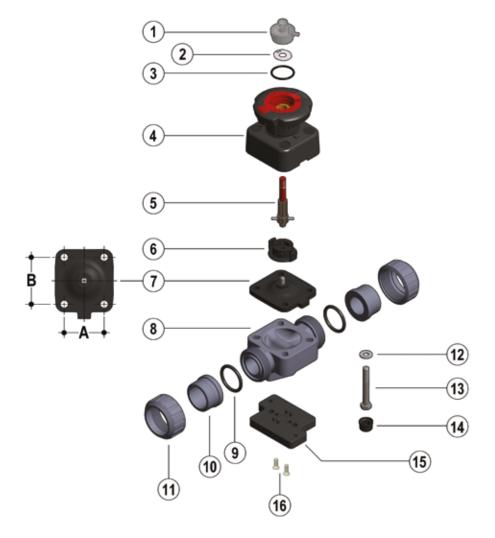






# COMPONENTS

### **EXPLODED VIEW DN 15÷50**



DN	15	20	25	32	40	50	65
A	40	40	46	46	65	78	78
В	44	44	54	54	70	82	82

- Transparent protection cap (PVC - 1)\*
- 2 · Customisation plate (PVC-U - 1)
- **3** O-Ring (EPDM 1)
- 4 Operating mechanism (PP-GR / PVDF - 1)
- 5 Threaded stem Indicator (Stainless steel - 1)

- 6 · Compressor (IXEF<sup>®</sup> 1)
- 7 Diaphragm seal (EPDM, FPM, PTFE - 1)\*
- 8 · Valve body (PVDF 1)\*
- 9 · Socket seal O-ring (EPDM-FPM - 2)\*
- 10  $\cdot$  End connector (PVDF 2)\*
- 11 · Union nut (PVDF 2)\*

- 12 · Washer (Stainless steel 4)
- **13** · Bolt (Stainless steel 4)
- **14** · Protection plug (PE 4)
- **15** · Distance plate (PP-GR - 1)\*\*
- 16 · Screw (Stainless steel 2)\*\*

The material of the component and the quantity supplied are indicated between brackets

<sup>\*</sup> Spare parts

<sup>\*\*</sup> Accessories

#### DISASSEMBLY

- 1) Isolate the valve from the line (release the pressure and empty the pipeline).
- 2) If necessary, release the handwheel by pressing downwards (fig.5) and rotating anticlockwise to fully open the valve.
- 3) Unscrew the union nuts (11) and extract the valve sideways.
- 4) Remove the protection plugs (14) and bolts (13) with the relative washers (12).
- 5) Separate the valve body (8) from the internal components (4).
- 6) Rotate the handwheel clockwise to free the threaded stem (5), compressor (6) and diaphragm (7)
- 7) Unscrew the diaphragm (7) and remove the shutter (6).

#### **ASSEMBLY**

- 1) Insert the compressor (6) on the threaded stem (5) aligning it correctly with the reference pin on the stem.
- 2) Screw the diaphragm (7) on the threaded stem (5).
- 3) Lubricate the threaded stem (5). insert it in the operating mechanism (4) and rotate the handwheel anticlockwise until the stem is fully screwed in (5). Make sure that the compressor (6) and diaphragm are correctly aligned with the housings in the operating
- mechanism (4) (fig. 7). 4) Fit the operating mechanism (4) on the valve body (8) and tighten the bolts (13) with the relative washers (12).
- 5) Tighten the bolts (13) evenly (diagonally) to the tightening torque suggested on the relative instruction sheet.
- 6) Replace the protection plugs (14)
- 7) Position the valve body between the end connectors (10) and tighten the union nuts (11), making sure that the socket seal O-rings (9) do not exit their seats.
- 8) If necessary, block the handwheel by grasping it and pulling it upwards (fig. 6).

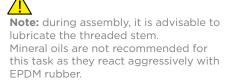
Fig. 5



Fig. 6



Fig. 7





## INSTALLATION

Before proceeding with installation. please follow these instructions carefully: (these instructions refer to union end versions) The valve can be installed in any position and in any direction.

- Check that the pipes to be connected to the valve are aligned in order to avoid mechanical stress on the threaded joints.
- 2) Unscrew the union nuts (11) and insert them on the pipe segments.
- 3) Solvent weld or screw the end connectors (10) onto the pipe ends.
- Position the valve body between the end connectors, making sure that the socket seal O-rings (9) do not exit their seats.
- 5) Fully tighten the union nuts (11).
- 6) If necessary, support the pipework with FIP pipe clips or by means of the carrier built into the valve itself (see paragraph "Fastening and supporting").

**Note:** Before putting the valve into service, check that the bolts on the valve body (13) are tightened correctly at the suggested torque.

#### Fig. 9



#### LOCKING DEVICE



The DK valve is equipped with a DIALOCK® handwheel locking system that prevents the valve from being operated.

The system can be engaged by simply lifting the handwheel once the required position has been reached (fig. 8).

To release the operating mechanism, simply return the handwheel to its previous position by pushing it downwards (fig. 6).

When the system is in the locked position, a lock can be installed to protect the plant against unwanted interference (fig. 9).

#### **STROKE LIMITER**





The DKL version of the diaphragm valve is equipped with a handwheel stroke control system which allows the minimum and maximum flows to be preset and the diaphragm to be preserved from an excessive compression during closing.

The system allows the valve stroke to be modified using the two independent adjusting screws, which determine the mechanical limits of the valve during opening and closing. The valve is sold with the stroke limiters positioned such that does not limit the opening or closing stroke.

To access and set the adjusting screws, remove the transparent protection cap (A) as previously described (see chapter "Customisation").

#### Travel stop adjustment. Minimum flow rate or closed valve.

- 1) Rotate the handwheel clockwise until the required minimum flow rate is reached or the valve is closed.
- 2) Screw in nut (D) as far as it will go and lock it in this position by tightening the locknut (E).

To deactivate the function of limiting the closing stroke, completely unscrew nuts (D and E). In this way, the valve will fully close.

3) Re-assemble the transparent protection cap making sure that the seal O-Ring remains in its seating.

#### Stroke limiter adjustment. Maximum flow rate

- 1) Rotate the handwheel anticlockwise until the required maximum flow rate is reached.
- 2) Rotate knob (F) anticlockwise as far as the stop. The plate indicates the direction of rotation of the wheel required to obtain a higher or lower maximum flow rate. If the opening stroke does not need to be limited, rotate the knob (F) clockwise a number of times. In this way, the valve will fully open.
- 3) Re-assemble the transparent protection cap making sure that the seal O-Ring remains in its seating.





VM DN 80÷100 PVDF

Diaphragm valve

# ∨M DN 80÷100

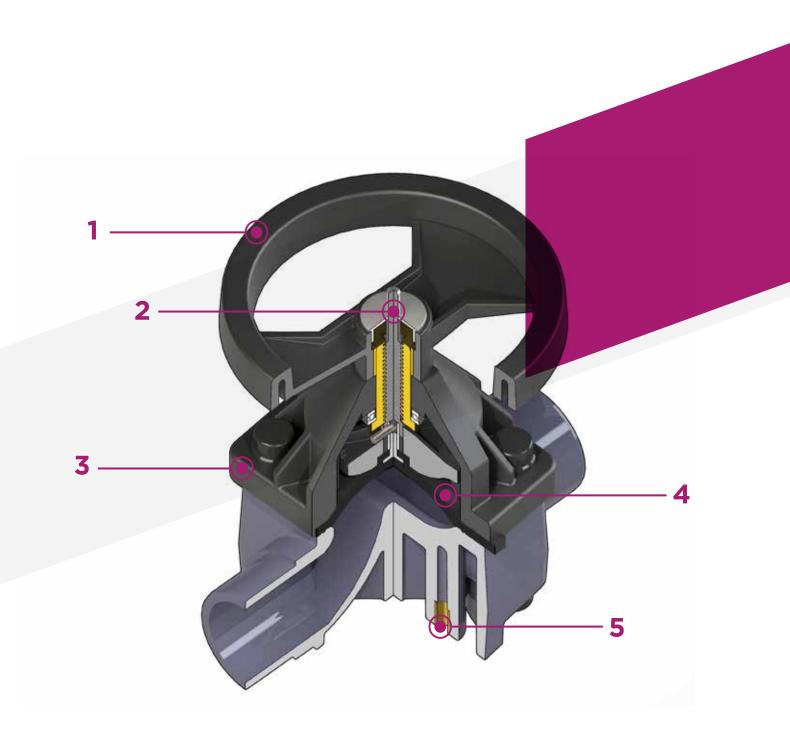
The VM is particularly suitable for isolating and regulating abrasive or dirty fluids. The handwheel control and diaphragm seal

provide precise and effective control, while reducing the risk of water hammer to a minimum.

### **DIAPHRAGM VALVE**

- Connection system for weld and flanged joints
- Compact and lightweight construction
- High flow coefficient and minimum pressure drop
- Internal components in metal totally isolated from the conveyed fluid, with anti-friction disk to reduce friction to a minimum
- **Modularity of the range:** only 5 diaphragm and bonnet sizes for 9 different valve sizes
- Handwheel that stays at the same height during rotation

Construction	Single wear diaphragm valve
Size range	DN 80 ÷ 100
Nominal pressure	PN 10 with water at 20° C PN 6 with water at 20° C (PTFE version)
Temperature range	-20 °C ÷ 120 °C
Coupling standards	Welding: EN ISO 10931. Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931
	Flanging system: ISO 7005-1, EN ISO 10931, EN 558-1 DIN 2501, ANSI B16.5 CI.150
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 16138, EN ISO 10931
	Test methods and requirements: ISO 9393
	Installation criteria: DVS 2201-1, DVS 2207-15, DVS 2208-1
Valve material	Body: PVDF Bonnet: PP-GR Handwheel: PA-GR
Diaphragm material	EPDM, FPM, PTFE (on request NBR)
Control options	Manual control; pneumatic actuator

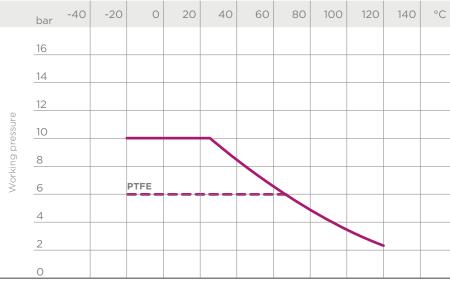


- 1 Handwheel in (PA-GR) with high mechanical strength and ergonomic grip for optimum manageability
- 2 Metal optical position indicator supplied as standard
- **3** Full protection bonnet in PP-GR. Internal circular and symmetrical diaphragm sealing area
- 4 Diaphragm available in EPDM, FPM, PTFE (NBR on request) and easy to replace
- **5** Threaded metal inserts for anchoring the valve

# TECHNICAL DATA

#### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

For water and harmless fluids to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required (25 years with safety factor).



Working temperature

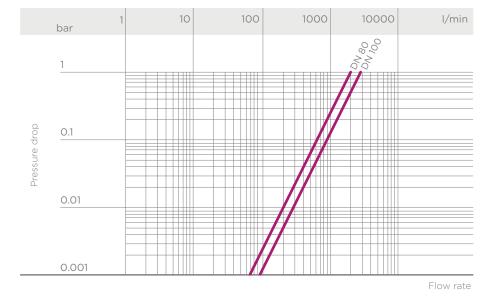
100

2700

80

2000

#### PRESSURE DROP GRAPH



32

300

40

416

50

766

65

1300

#### K<sub>v</sub>100 FLOW COEFFICIENT

The  $K_v$ 100 flow coefficient is the Q flow of litres per minute of water at a temperature of 20°C that will generate  $\Delta p$ = 1 bar pressure drop at a certain valve position.

The  $K_v$ 100 values shown in the table are calculated with the value completely open.

The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

15

93

20

136

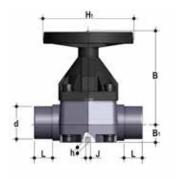
25

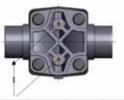
175

DN

K,100 l/min

### DIMENSIONS



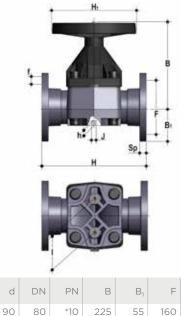


### VMDF

Diaphragm valve with male ends for socket welding, metric series

d	DN	PN	В	B1	Н	h	H <sub>1</sub>	I	J	L	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
90 110	80 100	*10 *10	225 295	55 69	300 340	23 23	200 250	100 120	M12 M12	51 61	7840 11670	VMDF090E VMDF110E	VMDF090F VMDF110F	VMDF090P VMDF110P
110	100	10	200	05	540	20	250	120	1112	01	11070	VIIDIIIOL	VINDENTO	VIIDIIIOI

\*PTFE PN6



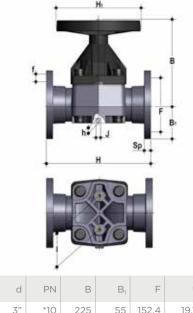
110

#### VMOF

Diaphragm valve with fixed flanges, drilled EN/ISO/DIN PN10/16. Face to face according to EN 558-1

DN	PN	В	B1	F	f	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	I	J	Sp	U	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
80	*10	225	55	160	18	310	200	100	M12	22	8	10020	VMOF090E	VMOF090F	VMOF090P
100	*10	295	69	180	18	350	250	120	M12	23	8	14290	VMOF110E	VMOF110F	VMOF110P

\*PTFE PN6



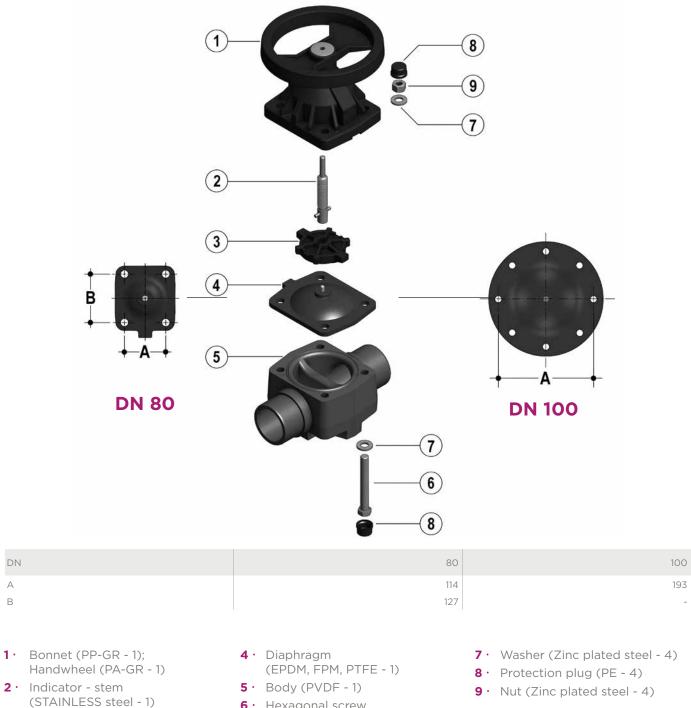
**VMOAF** Diaphragm valve with fixed flanges, drilled ANSI B16.5 cl.150 #FF

d	PN	В	B <sub>1</sub>	F	f	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	I	J	Sp	U	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
3"	*10	225	55	152.4	19.1	310	200	100	M12	22	4	10020	VMOAF300E	VMOAF300F	VMOAF300P
4"	*10	295	69	190.5	19.1	350	250	120	M12	23	8	14290	VMOF110E	VMOF110F	VMOF110P

\*PTFE PN6

# COMPONENTS

### **EXPLODED VIEW**



**3** · Shutter (PBT - 1)

DN

А В

The material of the component and the quantity supplied are indicated in brackets.

6 · Hexagonal screw (Zinc plated steel - 4)

129

### DISMOUNTING

The diaphragm constitutes the part of the valve more subject to mechanical and chemical stress from the fluid. Consequently, the condition of the diaphragm must be checked at regular intervals in accordance with the service conditions. To do this, it must be disconnected from the handwheel and from the valve body.

- Cut-off fluid upstream from the valve and make sure it is de-pressurised (downstream drain if necessary).
- 2) Unscrew the four screws (6) and separate the body (5) from the internal components.
- 3) Unscrew the diaphragm (4) from the shutter (3). Rotate the handwheel clockwise to free the stem-shutter unit. Clean or replace the diaphragm, if necessary (4). If necessary, lubricate the stem (2).

#### ASSEMBLY

- Apply the shutter (3) to the stem (2), ensuring the stem pin is positioned correctly.
- 2) Screw the diaphragm (4) onto the
- stem (2), taking care not to stretch it. 3) Open the valve.
- Place the bonnet-handwheel unit (1) on the body (5) and join the two components with bolts.
- Press the protection plugs into place (8).

### INSTALLATION

The valve can be installed in any position and in any direction. When starting up the plant, make sure that there are no leaks from between the diaphragm and the valve body. If necessary, tighten the fastening screws (6).



#### Note: during assembly operations, it is advisable to lubricate the threaded stem. Mineral oils are not recommended for this task as they react aggressively with EPDM rubber.

Moreover, as the diaphragm seal is compressed between the body and the actuator, the valve body stud-bolts and nuts must be checked and tightened, if necessary, prior to installation.



0



CM DN 12÷15 PVDF

Compact diaphragm valve

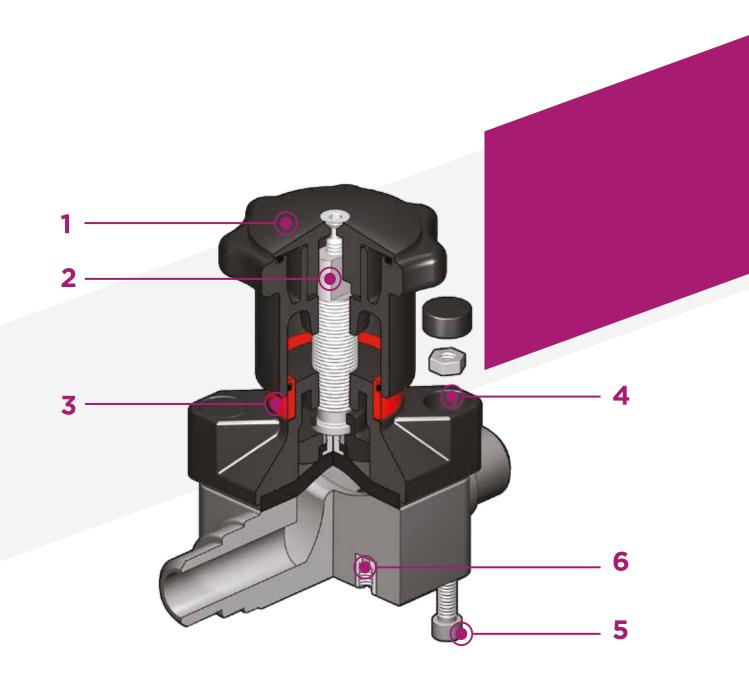
# CM DN 12÷15

The CM is a manually operated diaphragm valve of reduced dimensions and particularly compact structure, ideal for use in confined spaces.

### **COMPACT DIAPHRAGM VALVE**

- Connection system for weld and threaded joints
- Extremely compact construction
- Internal operating components in metal totally isolated from the conveyed fluid
- Valve stem in STAINLESS steel
- Compressor with floating diaphragm support
- Easy to replace diaphragm seal
- Corrosion-proof internal components
- **Innovative CDSA** (Circular Diaphragm Sealing Angle) system offering the following advantages:
  - uniform distribution of shutter pressure on the diaphragm seal
  - reduction in the tightening torque of the screws fixing the actuator to the valve body
  - reduced mechanical stress on all valve components (actuator, body and diaphragm)
  - easy to clean valve interior
  - low risk of the accumulation of deposits, contamination or damage to the diaphragm due to crystallisation
  - operating torque reduction

<b>Technical specifications</b>	
Construction	Compact single wear diaphragm valve
Size range	DN 12÷15
Nominal pressure	PN 6 with water at 20° C
Temperature range	-20 °C ÷ 140 °C
Coupling standards	Welding: EN ISO 10931. Can be coupled to pipes according to EN ISO 10931 Thread: ISO 228-1, DIN 2999
Reference standards	Construction criteria: EN ISO 16138, EN ISO 10931 Test methods and requirements: ISO 9393
	<b>Installation criteria:</b> DVS 2201-1, DVS 2207-15, DVS 2208-1
Valve material	Body: PVDF Bonnet and handwheel: PA-GR
Diaphragm material	EPDM, FPM, PTFE
Control options	Manual control; pneumatic actuator

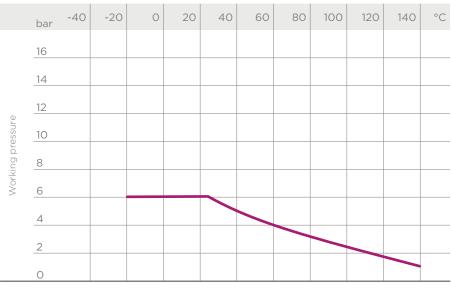


- 1 Handwheel in PA-GR, completely sealed, high mechanical strength with ergonomic grip for optimum manageability
- 2 Integrated adjustable torque limiter designed to prevent excessive compression of the diaphragm and always guarantee a minimum fluid flow
- **3 Optical position indicator** supplied as standard
- 4 Bonnet in PA-GR with STAINLESS steel nuts fully protected by plastic plugs to eliminate zones where impurities may accumulate. Internal circular and symmetrical diaphragm sealing area
- **5 STAINLESS steel bolts**, can also be inserted from above
- **6** Threaded metal inserts for anchoring the valve

# TECHNICAL DATA

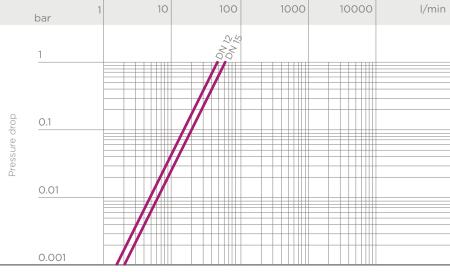
#### PRESSURE VARIATION ACCORDING TO TEMPERATURE

For water and non-hazardous fluids with regard to which the material is classified as CHEMICALLY RESISTANT. In other cases, a reduction of the nominal pressure PN is required (25 years with safety factor).



Working temperature

#### PRESSURE DROP GRAPH



12

47

Flow rate

15

60

#### K<sub>v</sub>100 FLOW COEFFICIENT

The K<sub>v</sub>100 flow coefficient is the Q flow rate of litres per minute of water at a temperature of 20°C that will generate  $\Delta p$ = 1 bar pressure drop at a certain valve position.

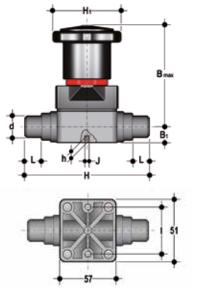
The  $K_v$ 100 values shown in the table are calculated with the value completely open.

The information in this leaflet is provided in good faith. No liability will be accepted concerning technical data that is not directly covered by recognised international standards. FIP reserves the right to carry out any modification. Products must be installed and maintained by qualified personnel.

DN

K,100 l/min

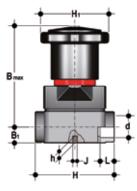
## DIMENSIONS

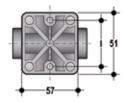


#### CMDF

Compact diaphragm valve with male ends for socket welding, metric series

d	DN	PN	B max	B <sub>1</sub>	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	h	I	J	L	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
20	15	6	86	15	124	58.5	8	35	M5	17	330	CMDF020E	CMDF020F	CMDF020P





DN

12

15

d

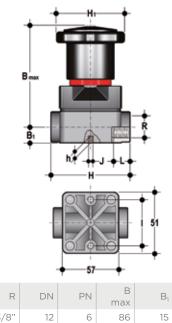
16

20

#### CMIF

Compact diaphragm valve with female ends for socket welding, metric series

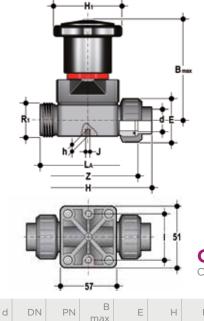
PN	B max	B <sub>1</sub>	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	h	I	J	L	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
6	86	15	75	58.5	8	35	M5	14	290	CMIF016E	CMIF016F	CMIF016P
6	86	15	75	58.5	8	35	M5	16	290	CMIF020E	CMIF020F	CMIF020P



С	Μ	F	F	
$\sim$				

Compact diaphragm valve with BSP threaded female ends

R	DN	PN	B max	B1	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	h	I	J	L	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
3/8"	12	6	86	15	75	58.5	8	35	M5	11.5	290	CMFF038E	CMFF038F	CMFF038P
1/2"	15	6	86	15	75	58.5	8	35	M5	15	290	CMFF012E	CMFF012F	CMFF012P



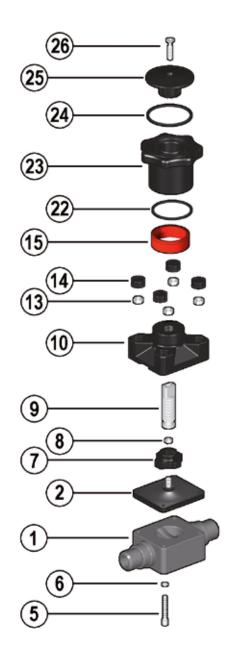
	M		
-		<b>U</b>	

Compact diaphragm valve with female union ends for socket welding, metric series

d	DN	PN	B max	E	Н	H <sub>1</sub>	h	I	J	L <sub>A</sub>	$R_1$	Z	g	EPDM Code	FPM Code	PTFE Code
20	15	6	86	41	129.5	58.5	8	35	M5	90	1"	97.5	285	CMUIF020E	CMUIF020F	CMUIF020P

# COMPONENTS

#### **EXPLODED VIEW**



- 1 · Body (PVDF 1)
- Diaphragm seal (EPDM, FPM, PTFE - 1)
- 5 · Fastening screw (STAINLESS steel - 4)
- 6 · Washer (STAINLESS steel 4)
- 7 · Shutter (PA-GR 1)

- 8 · Nut (STAINLESS steel 1)
- 9 · Stem (STAINLESS steel 1)
- **10** · Bonnet (PA-GR 1)
- 13 · Nut (STAINLESS steel 4)
- 14 · Protection plug (POM - 4)
- **15** Optical position indicator (PVDF - 1)
- 22 · O-Ring (NBR 1)
- 23 · Handwheel (PA-GR 1)
- **24** · O-Ring (NBR 1)
- 25 · Bonnet (PA-GR 1)
- 26 · Fastening screw (STAINLESS steel - 1)

The material of the component and the quantity supplied are indicated between brackets

#### DISASSEMBLY

If the valve is already installed on the line, shut-off the fluid flow upstream and make sure that there is no pressure. If necessary, fully drain the system downstream. If there are hazardous fluids present, drain and ventilate the valve.

The diaphragm constitutes the part of the valve more subject to mechanical and chemical stress from the fluid. Consequently, the condition of the diaphragm must be checked at regular intervals in accordance with the service conditions. To do this, it must be disconnected from the handwheel and from the valve body.

- Unscrew the four screws (5) and separate the body (1) from the operating mechanism.
- 2) Unscrew the diaphragm (2) from the shutter (7).
- 3) If necessary, clean or replace the diaphragm (2).
- 4) If necessary, lubricate the stem (9).

#### ASSEMBLY

- The diaphragm seal (2) must be screwed fully into the compressor (7) in a clockwise direction. If necessary, unscrew slightly in an anticlockwise direction to centre the screw holes.
- Fix the bonnet (10) to the body (1) using screws (5). Tighten the screws, making sure not to over-compress the diaphragm.

## INSTALLATION

The valve can be installed in any position and in any direction. When starting up the plant, make sure that there are no leaks from between the diaphragm and the valve body. If necessary, tighten the fastening screws (5).

#### SETTING

The valve is factory set to guarantee a permanent seal without requiring any further intervention. To adjust the setting, rotate the handwheel to the required minimum opening position, remove screw (26) using a hex key.

Remove the bonnet (25) and rotate the handwheel (23) clockwise until a resistance to the rotation is felt.

If necessary, replace the O-Ring (24) in its seating and re-insert the bonnet (25) in the handwheel: the double D connection must fit over the stem (9) and, with a slight twisting action, align the ribs in the bonnet with those in the handwheel.

Tighten screw (26) to a sufficiently high torque value.

Each turn of the handwheel corresponds to 1.75 mm travel.

# KEY Abbreviations



PN	nominal pressure in bar (max. operating pressure at 20° C water)
POM	polyoxymethylene
PP-GR	fibreglass reinforced polypropylene
PP-H	polypropylene homopolymer
PVC-C	chlorinated polyvinyl chloride
PVC-U	unplasticized polyvinylchloride
PVDF	polyvinylidene difluoride
PTFE	polyethrafluorethylene
R	nominal thread size in inches
S	thickness series = <u>SDR-1</u> 2
S	pipe thickness in mm
SDR	standard dimension ratio = d / s
U	number of flange holes for flanged valves







#### FIP - Formatura Iniezione Polimeri

Loc. Pian di Parata, 16015 Casella Genova Italy Tel. +39 010 9621.1 Fax +39 010 9621.209 info.fip@aliaxis.com www.fipnet.com

